





Kalimantan

5

Strengthening Policy Sinergy and Coordination to Reinforce Sustainable Economic Growth amidst Global Uncertainty while Optimizing the Momentum of Nusantara's Massive Acceleration

September 2024







Foreword

East Kalimantan is one of Indonesia's most attractive regions for both local and foreign investment with a resource boom in the early 21st century. Coal and gold mining as well as the oil and natural gas extraction with oil refineries increased the local economy. Not limited to being wealthy of natural resources, East Kalimantan is a very dynamic, socially rich and diverse region collaboratively establishing East Kalimantan's social structure and foundation of economy. East Kalimantan is concern to develop sustainable-ecological friendly to ensure the economy running high and provide prosperity to its people by building new industries, diversifying into productive sectors such as tourism and trade. The efforts need a lot of fund resources from investment and exports.

To pursue the noble purpose above and maintain good business climate as well as positive perception towards East Kalimantan, Regional Investor Relation Unit or RIRU was established in 2015 as an engine of collaboration between Regional Government (Province and 10 Districts) and Bank Indonesia together with stakeholders. RIRU will take a role in integrating East Kalimantan resources and power to encourage Investment, Trade, Tourism and Industry sectors' performance and reinforce regional competitiveness globally, therefore achieve a high and inclusive economic growth. RIRU East Kalimantan takes a role as one-stop information center for investors, buyers or tourists who are taking interest to collaborate with East Kalimantan,

This presentation book is a regularly-updated source of information about the recent economic development in Indonesia and East Kalimantan as well as investment opportunities, top tourism destinations and ready-to-offer projects crucial for business decision making. Hopefully, this presentation book could be a reliable source for business society attracted to invest/trade/establish industry in East Kalimantan.



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Acting Governor of East Kalimantan



Budi Widihartanto

Head of Bank Indonesia Representative Office for East Kalimantan W O R D

E A S T

KALIMANTAI

List of Chapters

- Indonesia Macroeconomic Performance and Policy Updates
- East Kalimantan Economic Review and Infrastructure Availability
- Investment in East Kalimantan
- Trade, Tourism, Industry and Investment Opportunities in East Kalimantan

Chapters

Indonesia Macroeconomic Performance and Policy Updates

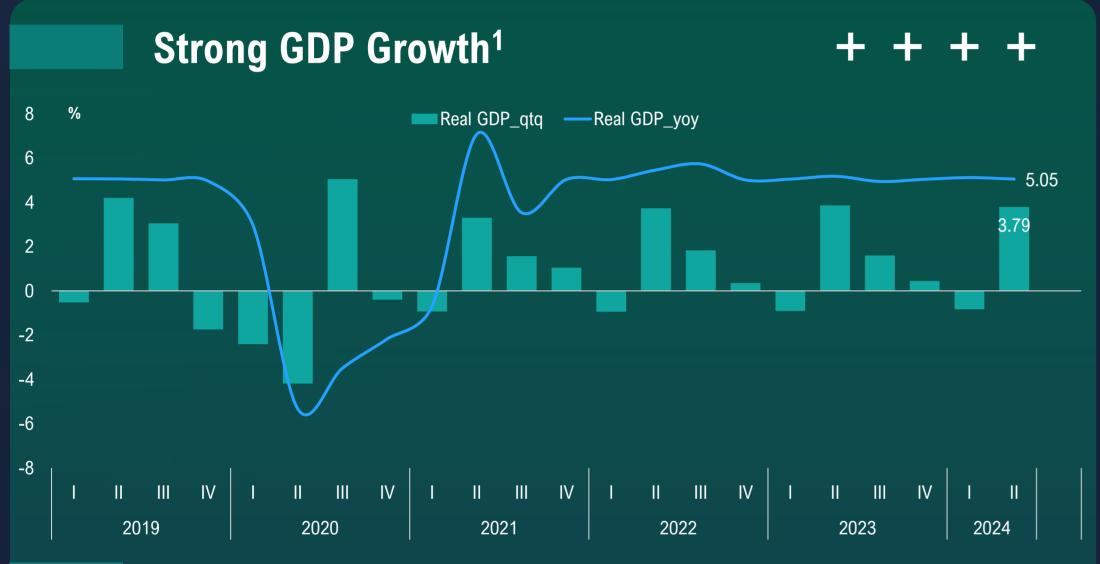
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Chapters

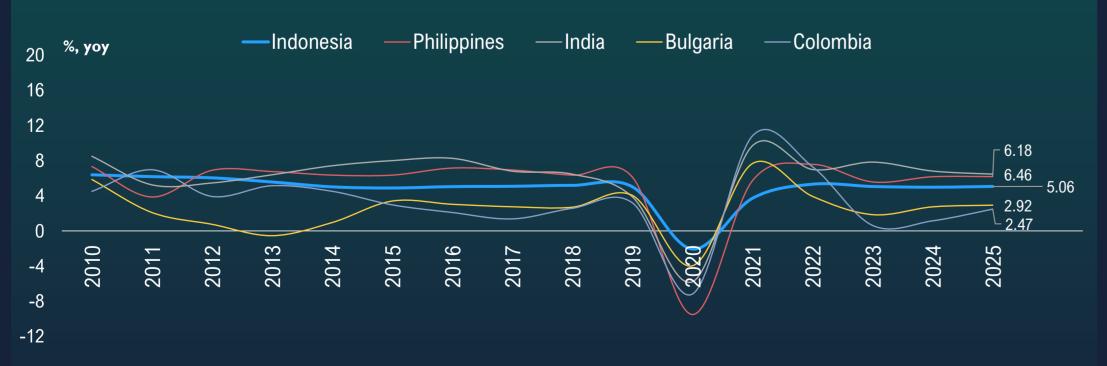
National Economic Development

Indonesia's economic growth remains solid and resilient, supported by domestic demand

- Despite challenging global developments, Indonesia's economic recovery momentum persists, driven by robust domestic demand.
- Regain the 5% growth momentum after pandemic, the country's economic performance is poised for further improvement, driven by enhanced growth prospects.



Favourable GDP Growth Compared to Peers²



- Source: Central Bureau of Statistics of Indonesia (BPS), ** Including non-profit household consumption
- Source: World Economic Outlook Database April 2024; * indicates estimated figure

Amidst increasing global uncertainty, Indonesia's economic performance remains solid and resilient to global spillover. Indonesia's economic growth in the second quarter of 2024 grew by 5.05% (yoy), continuing the positive performance of economic growth in the previous quarter of 5.11% (yoy). Sound performance recorded across most of economic sectors, particularly mining and quarrying manufacturing industry, wholesale and retail trade as well as supported by information and communication, financial and insurance services and other service.

Spatially, the highest economic growth was recorded in the regions of Bali-Nusa Tenggara (Balinusra), followed by Sulawesi-Maluku-Papua (Sulampua), Kalimantan, **Java, and Sumatra.** Overall, economic growth in 2024 projected to be in the 4.7%-5.5% range, supported by domestic demand, particularly consumption ahead of the upcoming general election, and increasing investment, specifically building investment given the ongoing national strategic projects (PSN), including the new capital city (IKN) development.

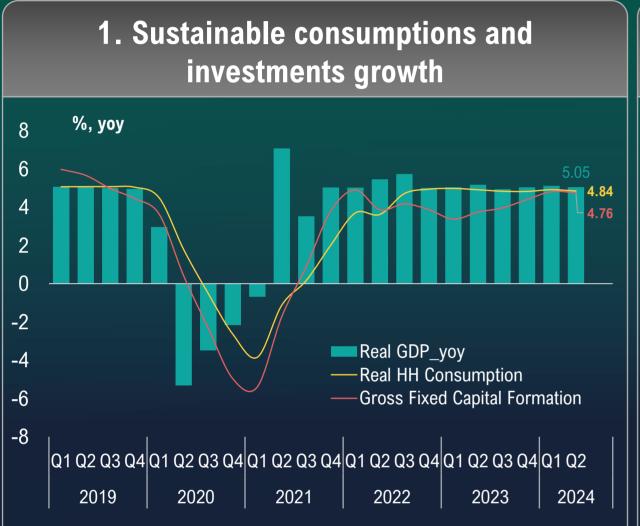
Institutions	GDP growth
2024 Budget	5.2
Bank Indonesia	4.7-5.5
Consensus Forecast (May 2024)	5.0
World Bank (GEP, January 2024)	5.0
IMF (WEO, April 2023)	5.0
ADB (Asian Development Outlook, April 2024)	5.0

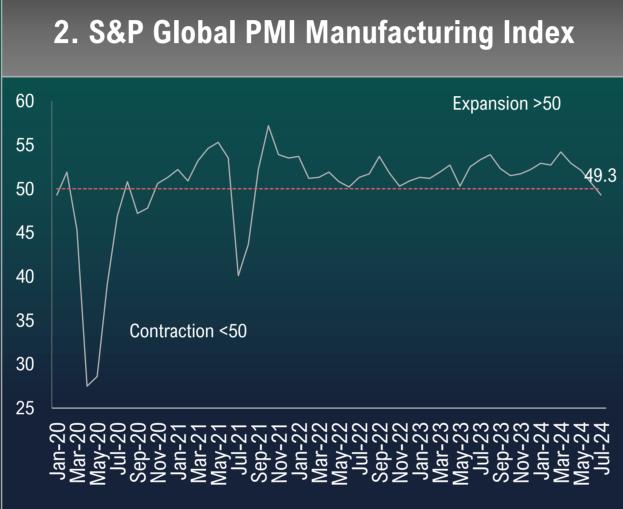


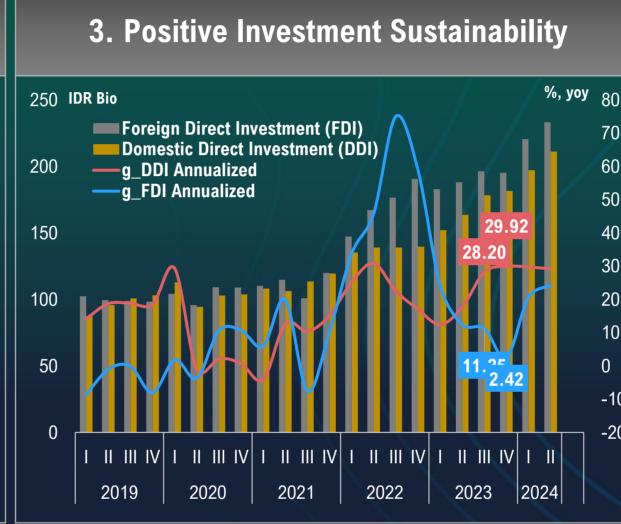
Macroeconomic and External Indicators

Promising growth prospects and strong external resilience

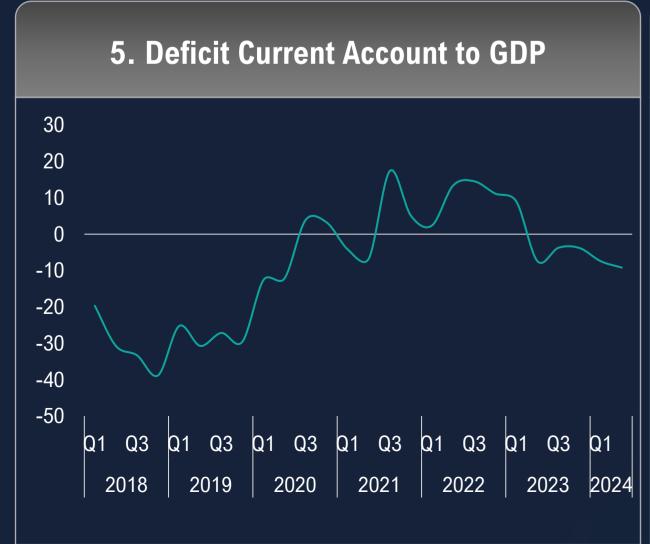
- Indonesia's promising growth prospects continued with economic recovery momentum...
- ...along with strong external resilience and sound balance of payments

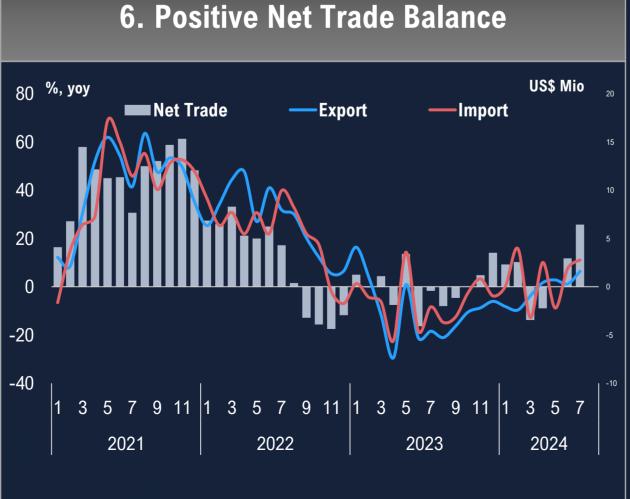


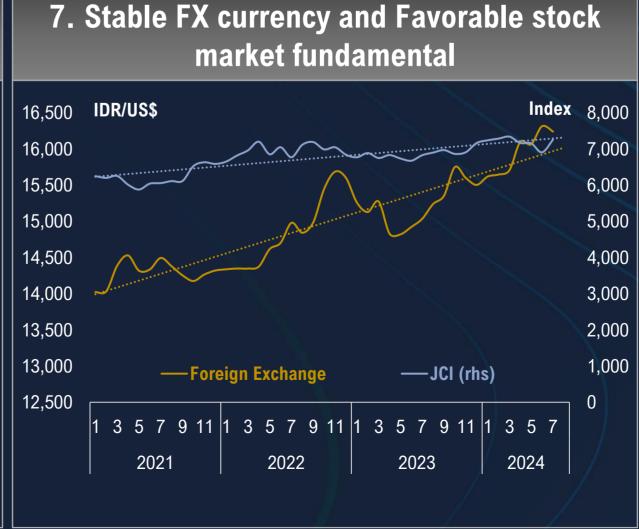


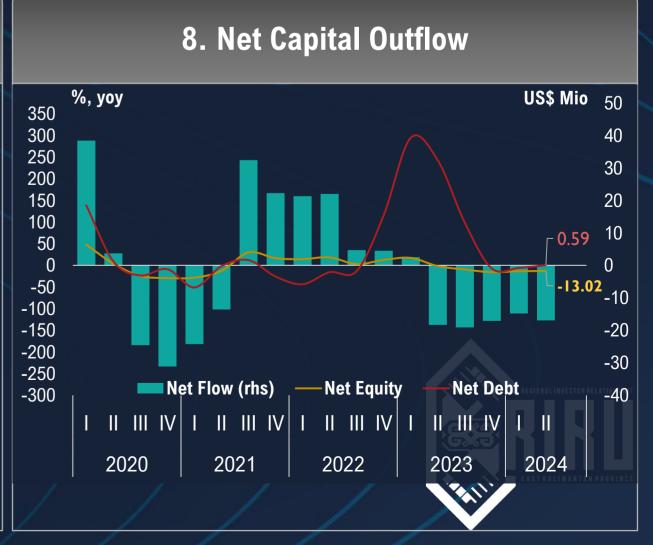








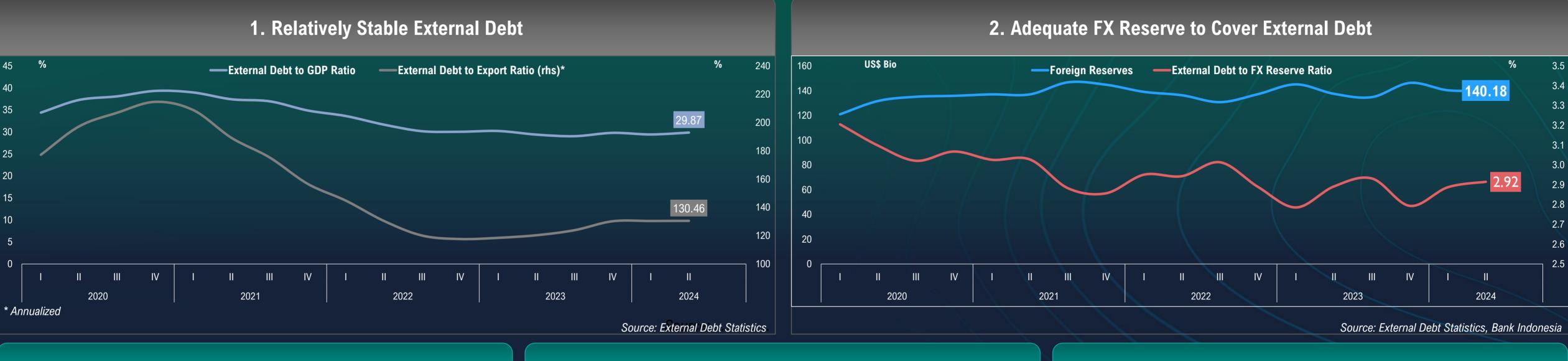


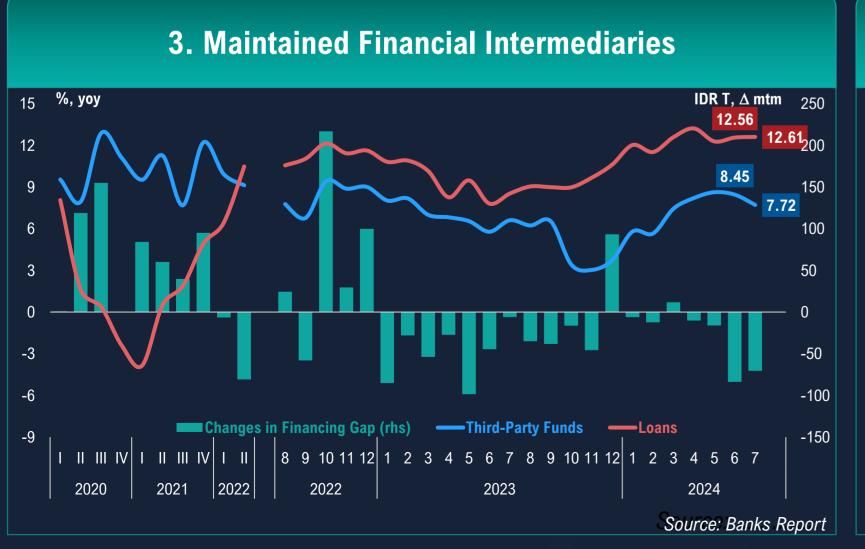


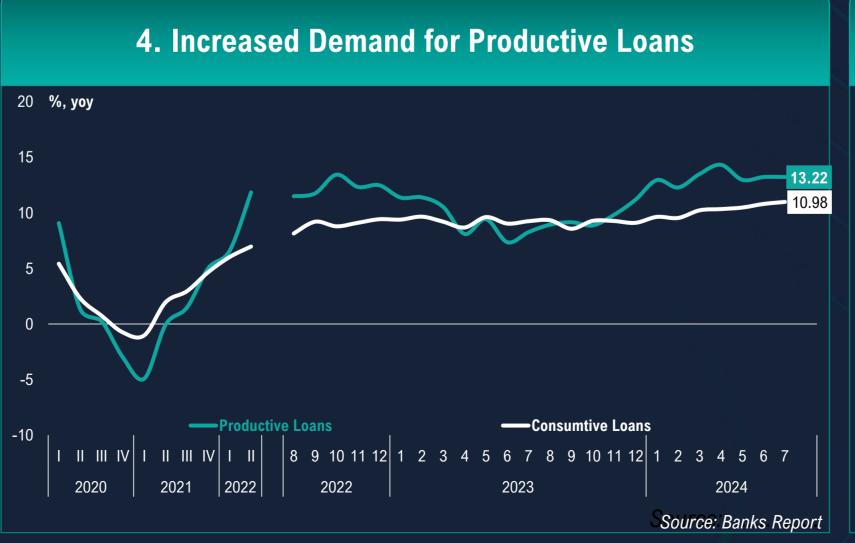
Financial System Indicators

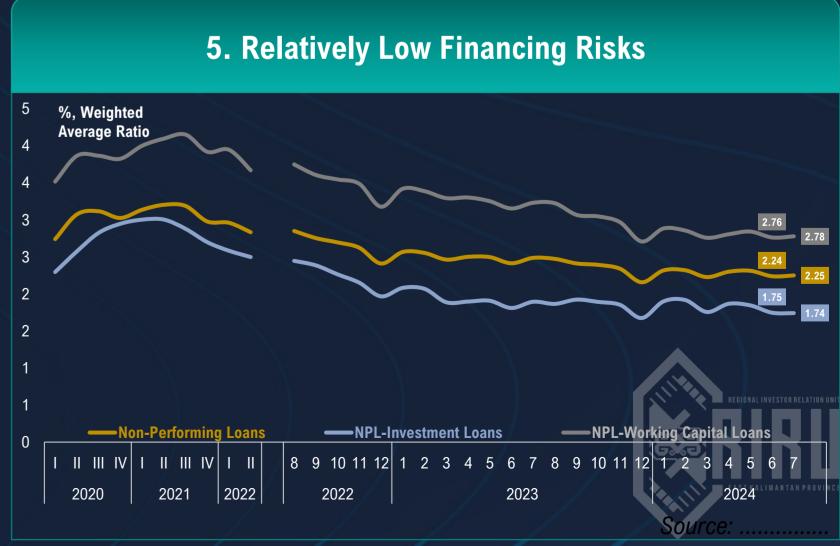
Strong external resilience supported by adequate reserves and sound financial intermediation

- Despite global economic challenges, Indonesia still maintained adequate foreign reserve to cover external debt
- Bank loans and third-party funds continue to grow, driven by increased demand for productive loans under relatively low financing risk.









Improving investment quality to promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth

Optimizing the use of natural resources and domestic production

Job Creation/Labor Intensive Environmental and Social Equality (ESG)

Increase Productivity

Transfer of Knowledge and Technology

Improve Competitiveness and Market Access

Export Oriented and Import Substitution

Improving the Investment Ecosystem:

Changes in the licensing process and expansion of business fields for investment will be a game changer in accelerating investment and opening new jobs.

In principle, all business fields are open to investment, except for business fields that are declared closed for investment or activities that the Central Government can only carry out. Investment value for PMA > IDR 10 billion excluding the value of land and buildings. However, to encourage technology-based startups in the SEZ, the investment value of PMA can be \leq IDR 10 billion, excluding the value of land and buildings

Fiscal Incentives

Tax Allowances

Inv. Allowances

Tax Holidays

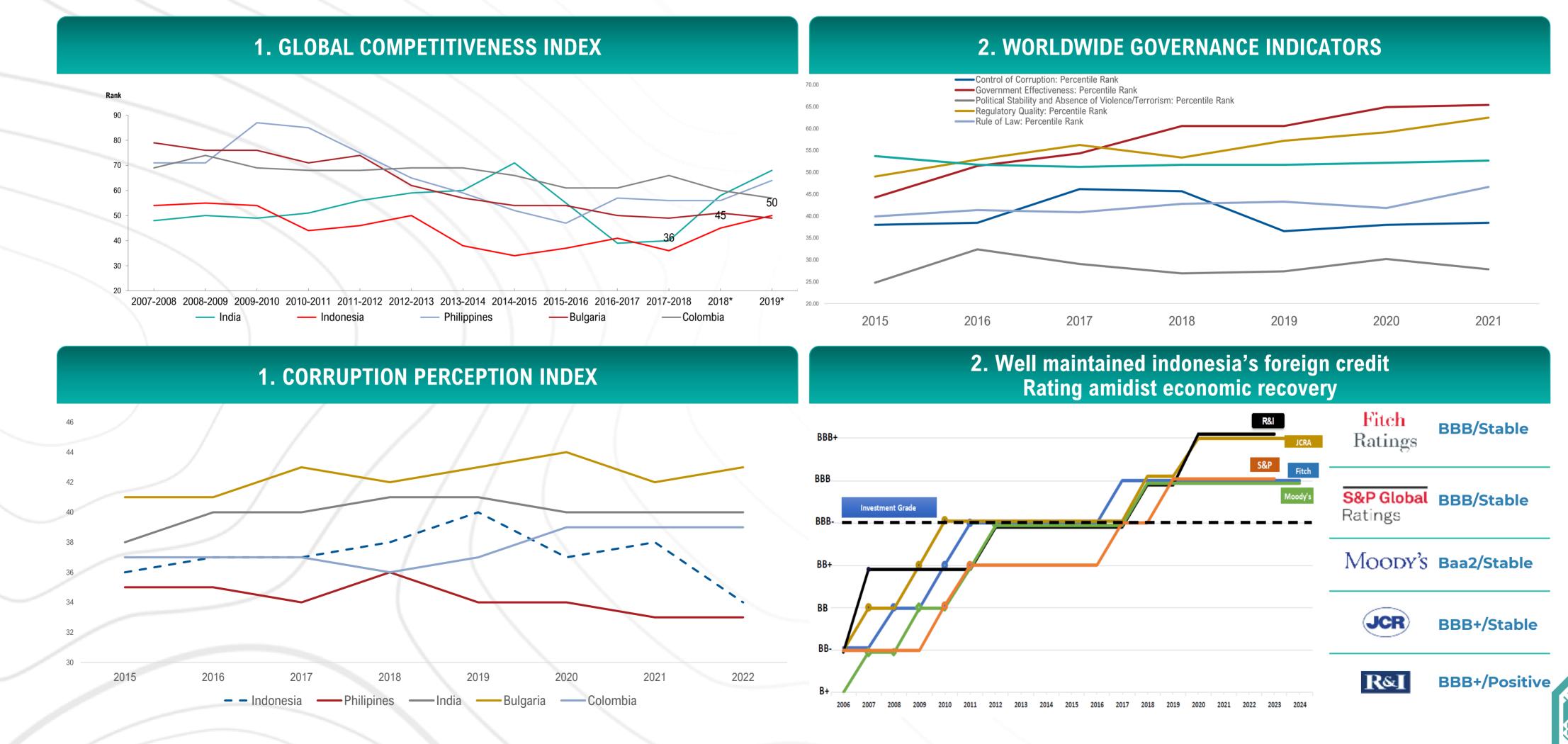
Custom Incentives



Improving Global Perception

Indonesia commits to maintain good credit rating scores

It intends to provide better business climate by improving governance quality and abilities to increase competitiveness as well as taking hard measures to eradicate corruption in public sector.



Source:

Source: World Economic Forum – The Global Competitiveness Report 2019;

- 2. Source: World Bank The Worldwide Governance Indicators 2022 Update;
- 3. Source: Transparency International Corruption Perceptions Index 2022 Report

Maintaining stability, reviving sustainable growth

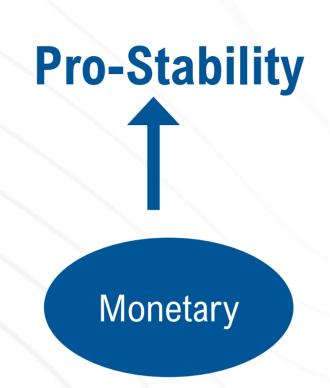
Inclusion & Green



BI7DRR



BI Rate



Macroprudential

Payment System

Money Market Development

Pro-Growth

Green Financial Economy

The BI Board of Governors Meeting agreed on 20th-21st August 2024 to hold the BI-Rate at 6.25%, while also maintaining the Deposit Facility (DF) rate and Lending Facility (LF) rate at 5.50% and 7.00% respectively. This decision is consistent with the pro-stability focus of monetary policy, namely as a pre-emptive and forward-looking measure to maintain inflation within the 2.5%±1% target corridor in 2024 and 2025. Meanwhile, Bank Indonesia will maintain pro-growth macroprudential and payment system policies to foster sustainable economic growth.

Hold the BI Rate at 6.25%

Strengthening the pro-market monetary operations strategy to enhance monetary policy effectiveness in terms of Rupiah stabilization by:

- 1. Strengthening the interest rate the Rupiah structure of money market maintain attractive to portfolio yields and increase financial domestic to assets for investment.
- 2. Optimizing Bank Indonesia Rupiah Securities (SRBI), Bank Indonesia Foreign Exchange Securities (SVBI) and Bank Indonesia Foreign Exchange Sukuk (SUVBI).
- Stabilizing the Rupiah through foreign exchange market intervention with a focus on spot and Domestic Non-Deliverable Forward (DNDF) transactions, as well as government securities (SBN) in the secondary market
- Strengthening the competitive SBN term-repo and FX swap transaction strategies to maintain adequate liquidity in the banking industry.

Strengthening prime Implementation of the Im

Implementing the Indonesia Payment System Blueprint (BSPI) 2030, which is focused on aspects of infrastructure development and industry structure consolidation.

the Increasing acceptance
nent of digital payment
SPI) services by expanding
used Quick Response Code
of Indonesia Standard
(QRIS) and the
and Indonesia Credit Card
ture (KKI) for the
government segment.

Expanding international financial cooperation and central bank cooperation, including structured bilateral cooperation, while promoting trade and investment in priority sectors in synergy with relevant institutions.

Source: Bank Indonesia

Maintaining Sustainability of the Priority Budget to Support the Development Agenda

GOALS

Boost competitiveness and people's well being

Support the economic recovery and structural reforms



EDUCATION

IDR 660.8 T **7** IDR 722.6 T

(Shares: 20%)

- Increasing access and quality of education i.e., PIP, KIP College, BOS, BOP PAUD, scholarships (LPDP)
- Providing nutritious food for school children, renovating schools and developing superior schools
- Strengthening links & matches with the job market (vocational & certification)



HEALTH IDR 186.4 T 7 IDR 197.8 T

(Shares: 5.5%)

- Promotive and preventive efforts, accelerating the reduction of stunting and TB cases;
- Construction of quality hospitals, free health checks and effectiveness of the JKN program
- Strengthening technology and pharmaceutical independence
- Strengthening a reliable health system



SOCIAL PROTECTION IDR 493.5 T 7 IDR 504.7 T

(Shares: 14%)

- Continuing social security al. PKH, Basic Food Cards, PIP, College KIP
- Synergy and integration of social protection program
- Strengthening social security throughout life;
- Strengthening graduation from poverty i.e., Social protection based on empowerment



LAW & DEFENCE IDR 372.6 T

(Shares: 10.3%)

- Modernization of defense equipment
- Strengthening ICT from Cyber threats
- Support strategic industrial capabilities
- Implementation of legal and security operational activities



INFRASTRUCTURE IDR 422.7 T > IDR 400.3 T

(Shares: 11%)

- Development of agricultural infrastructure such as irrigation networks and dams
- Construction of integrated superior schools;
- Supporting infrastructure to support economic transformation (e.g., connectivity, downstreaming, food, energy)



FOOD SECURITY IDR 108.8 T 7 IDR 124.4 T

(Shares: 3.4%)

- Intensification and extensification of agricultural land, strengthening of agricultural infrastructure and infrastructure (e.g., dams and irrigation)
- Food storage & increasing access to financing for farmers
- Strengthening national food reserves (food availability and affordability



Chapters

East Kalimantan
Economic Review and
Infrastructure
Availability





EAST KALIMANTAN: A SNAPSHOT



Primary Natural Resource Producer

East Kalimantan has abundant natural resources comprise of coal, palm oil, gas, and forest products which significantly contribute to the national economy.



Moving Towards Diverse Economy

To enhance commodity economic value and achieve sustainable growth, the government provides incentives and economic zones with adequate infrastructure to encourage openings of downstream business from the region's best commodities and create new line of industry.



The Indonesia's New Capital City

Appointed to be the location of the country's new capital city megaproject brings optimistic future for the region. The development will open tremendous business opportunity and new market.



Stable Inflation (2024-Q2)

2.99% yoy

Fourth Highest Human Development Index (HDI) in Indonesia (2023)

78.20

Second Highest GRDP Per Capita in Indonesia (2023)*

USD **14,143.51**

Largest Economy In Kalimantan (2024-Q2)

47.77% of Kalimantan Economy



EAST KALIMANTAN ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Statistic East Kalimantan

CAPITAL CITY: SAMARINDA CITY REGENCIES/CITIES: 10

TOTAL AREA: 125,346.92 Km2 POPULATION: **3,766,039**

East Kalimantan's economy has been relying heavily on unsustainable mining and plantation industries. In pursuit of a more sustainable growth, it is reforming gradually towards manufacturing and its derivatives' industries based on the most competitive commodities available in the region. Tourism plays as an attractive alternative source of income.



3.9% of **National** GDP



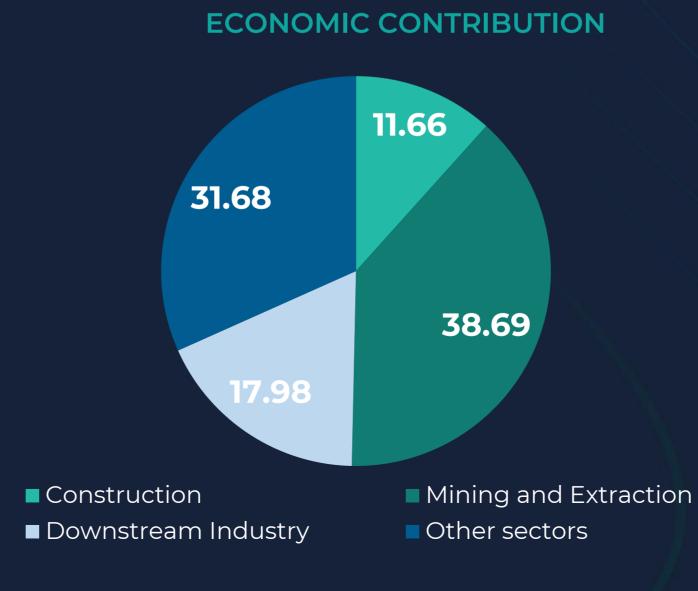
9.92% of **National** Export

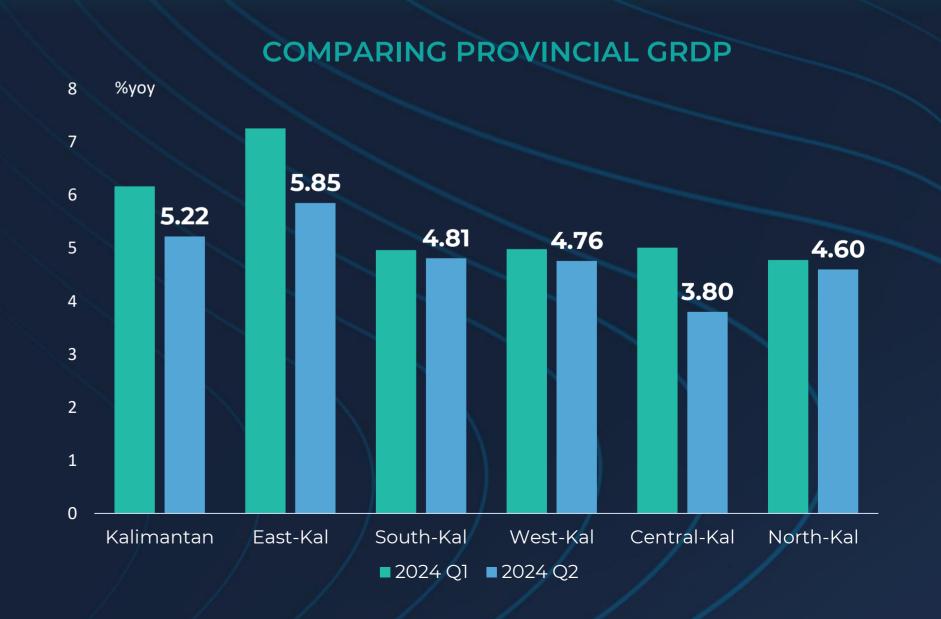


4th in

Indonesia









East Kalimantan's Strategic Development Priorities



Based on East Kalimantan Provincial Government Work Plan for 2025, the goal is to optimize economic diversification, supported by improved regional infrastructure and competitive human resources through 8 (eight) regional development priorities.

Accelerating growth of non-oil & gas (OG) and non-coal sector, mainly on downstream industry

Enhancing human resource competitiveness to promote the employment

Enhancing health quality by improving the access to medical services

Providing better regional infrastructure to support the development of economy and basic services fulfillment



Providing the access for basic needs and expanding social-economy access for vulnerable people

Improving the sustainability of living-environment

Enhancing the governance of local government to improve public services

Strengthening the capacity of the NCC's bordering regions



Economic Policy Direction

The Provincial Government of East Kalimantan aims to accelerate economic recovery on three main focuses including Maintaining Stability of Economic Growth at 6%, Achieving Economic Growth of Non-OG & Non-Coal Sector at 9,5-10%, Encouraging Economic Inclusiveness

TO MAINTAIN STABILITY OF ECONOMIC GROWTH AT 6%

- 1. Maintaining and improving the regional investment as NCC economic superhub.
- 2. Controlling inflation rate to maintain purchasing power.
- 3. Improving government spending quality through increasing public spending.
- 4. Increasing interregional net-export trade in non-mining commodities.



TO ACHIEVE ECONOMIC GROWTH OF NON-OG AND NON-COAL SECTOR AT 9,5-10%

- Strengthening the performance of manufacturing industry, by encouraging productivity for existing industries and encouraging the entry of new industries.
- 2. Increasing the productivity of agricultural production through intensification of food, horticulture, farming, fisheries, and the extensification of plantations.
- 3. Promoting construction, trade, transportation, F&B, and tourism sectors by capturing opportunities from the presence of the NCC.
- 4. Enhancing the infrastructure that supports economic activities.

ECONOMIC INCLUSIVENESS

Increasing the economic growth impact on all levels of society, through increasing community access to local economic activities, increasing the value for superior products, encouraging the growth of labor-intensive sectors, and preparing competent human resources to compete in the labor market.





The New Capital City (IKN) Areal Planning

Area-based Distribution for Economic and Industrial Sectors in IKN and the surrounding areas

Other East

Agriculture

Gasification

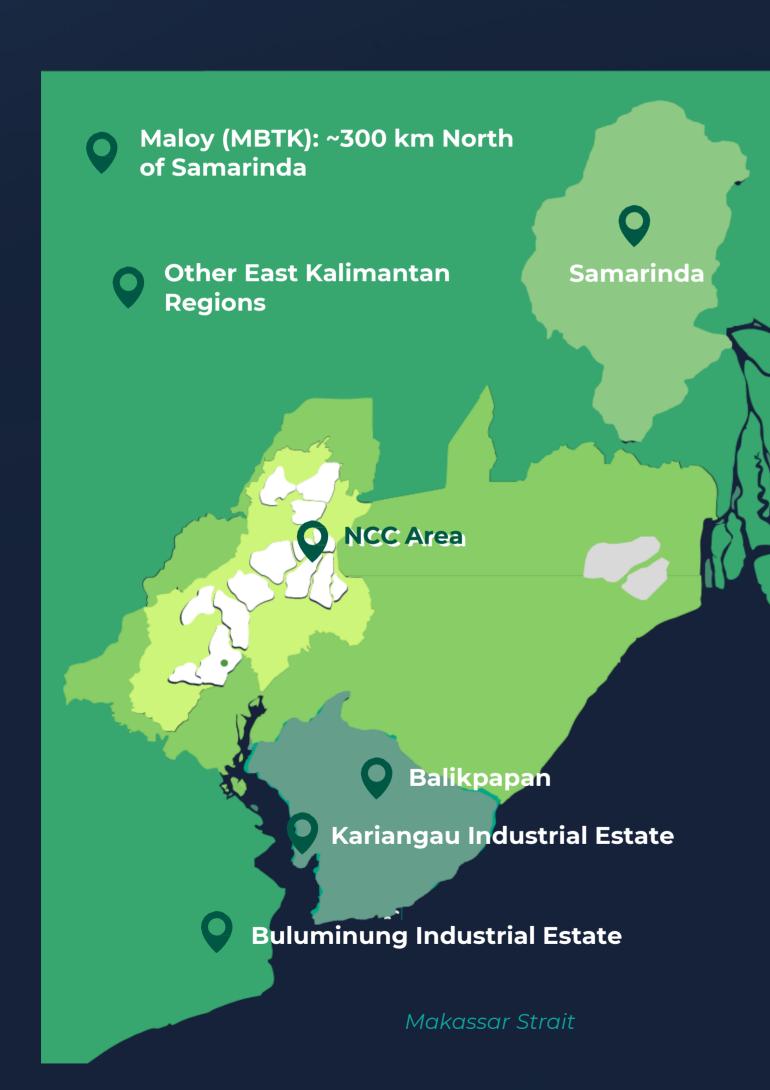
Kalimantan Regions

• Ecotourism and Nature Tourism

Sustainable Mining and Coal

Sustainable Industrial

Low Carbon Energy:





NCC (Nusantara) within 56,000 Ha

- R&D and Innovation Center for Low Carbon Energy
- Ecotourism, City Tourism, MICE Tourism, Medical and Wellness Tourism
- Integrated Pharmaceutical R&D Center
- 21st Century Education



Kariangau Industrial Estate*

- Chemical materials: Petrochemical
- Sustainable Manufacturing:
 Solar PV and E2W
- Integrated Pharmaceuticals:
 Generic API and Biosimilars



Buluminung Industrial Estate *

- Sustainable Industrial Agriculture:
 Plant Based Protein, Herbal Extract,
 Herbal Products and Nutritionals
- Base Chemicals and Chemical Products: Oleochemical



Maloy MBTK
Low Carbon Energy:
Biofuels



Samarinda Low carbon energy sector: sustainable mining and coal gasification.



Balikpapan

- Low Carbon Energy
- Integrated Pharmaceuticals:
 Generic API and Biosimilars

*the study is on-going

Source: Ministry of National Development Planning (2021)





The Progress of New Capital City "Nusantara" Development

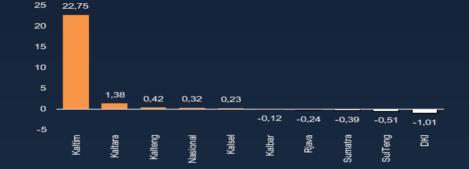
As of Q2-2024, infrastructure development of the New National Capital City project (IKN) is still on going. The fastest progress has been driven by the development of water resources infrastructure. Meanwhile, in the housing sector, the progress is driven by the construction of civil servant flat, which targeted to be complete in several stages until November 2024. The construction of Central Government Area is accelerated due to the 79th Indonesia Independence Day Ceremony. The massive construction also will be carried out after the completion of the construction of other sectors, especially land/roads..

INVESTMENT GROUNDBREAKING IN IKN

Until June 2024, there are 6 phases of investment groundbreaking in IKN, with the total investment worth of Rp51.35T.

IMPACT OF IKN RELOCATION ON REGIONAL-NATIONAL ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE AND EMPLOYMENT





BI Study: Impact on Economic Performance

The simulation results of the Computable General Equilibrium (CGE) model show that in all scenarios, the economic performance of all islands except Java experiences improvement compared to the baseline. Cumulatively, the more extensive the relocation of the National Digital Economy (IKN) is carried out, the potential for higher national economic growth compared to the baseline growth.

Phase 1 (~Rp22.9T) Phase 2 (~Rp15.5T) Phase 3 (~Rp4.78T) September 2023 December 2023 November 2023 NIS PAKUWON GROUP adaro Sinarmas PULAUINTAN BSH Mixed Use Phase 6 (~Rp1,75T) Phase 4 (~Rp4.26T) Phase 5 (Rp2.1T) February-March 2024 June 2024 January 2024 SUN Hub PERTAMINA Banking Services Central Govt. Area 1B Bakrie Insurance POS Financial Services mandiri 🔣 BRI Authority Sustainability Hub Telkom Indonesia BPJS Kesehatan Badan Penyelenggara Jaminan Sosial Smart Office Insurance Mosque and Memorial Park NCA Office

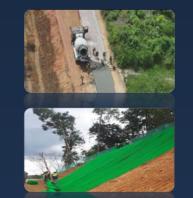
The development of the Nusantara in 2024 continues and become even more massive.

UPDATE ON IKN DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS











Project value **Rp 11 T**



Financing Resource KPBU (PPP)



Completion Target















- The dam will later serve the water treatment installation in the core area of central government (KIPP) and also Balikpapan City. Apart from that, the dam is also used to control floods, especially
- The dam has a total volume capacity of 16.17 million m³ with a length of 450 meters and a dam height of 25 meters.
- Sepaku-Semoi Dam is projected to become a source of electricity using floating solar power plants with a capacity of 100 megawatts (MW)



Presidential Palace & Ceremony Field



Physical Progress



October

Completion

State Secretariat Building

Physical Progress **89.78**%

Civil Servant Flat



Completion Target

Completion Target

Physical Progress

Ministry House





Nusantara Hotel



Number of S Project
Rooms Value
Rp 20T





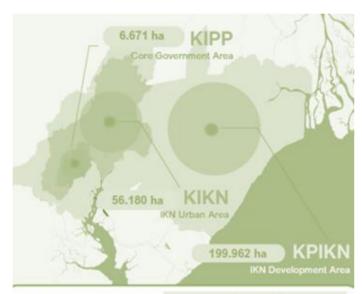




The New Capital City (IKN) Project

Nusantara as Center of Economy 2045





324.332 Ha

LAND AREA 256.142 Ha WATER AREA 68.188 Ha

3 Zones of NCC

Zone	Land size (ha)	Population Target by 2045 (People)	Development
Central Government Area	6,856	±280,000 – 300,000	 Ease of accessibility. Sustainable design. 82,000 – 100,000 residential units, with estimated occupancy ratio of 3.4 people per residential unit.
New Capital City Area	56,181	1,700,000 –	 Support the concept of "10 minutes walking" and social connectivity. Designed in harmony with nature with a minimum of 50% green space.
New Capital City Expansion Area	256,142	1,900,000	 75% of the area will be planned to be a green open space, of which 65% is a protected area and 10% is for food production. Developed with 100% clean energy.

Presidential Palace Area



Ceremonial Plaza



Basic Design of IKN Landscape

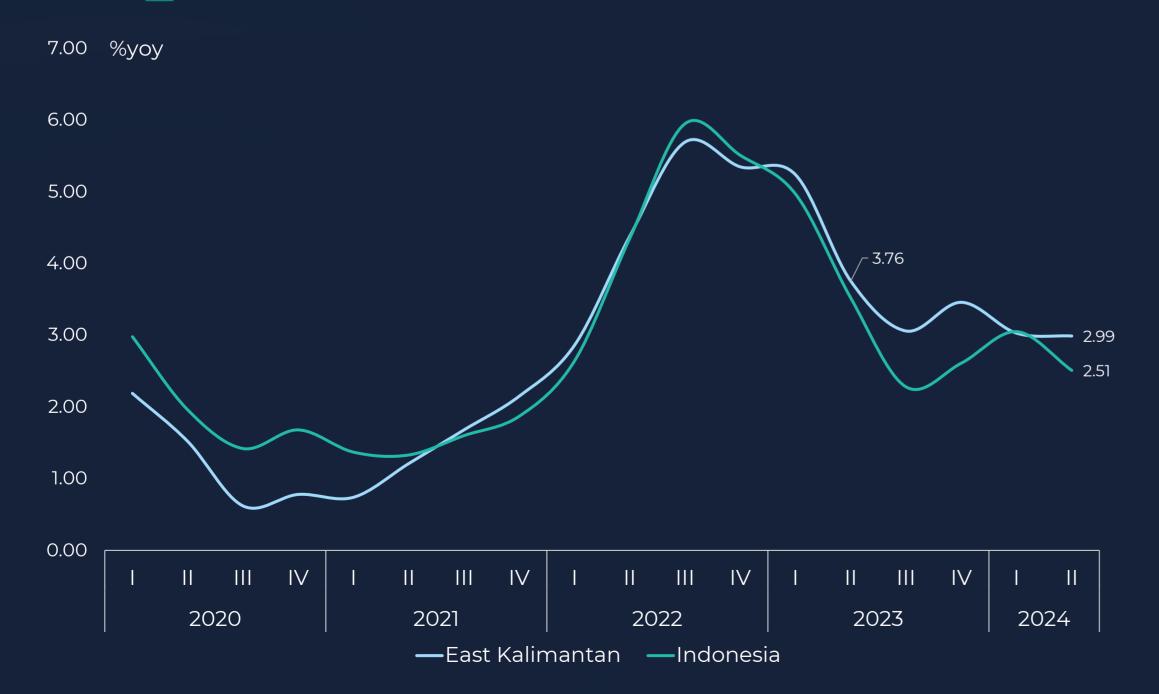




INFLATION RATE

The inflation rate of East Kalimantan in the second quarter of 2024 was recorded at 2.99% (yoy), which is lower than the same periode in previous year rate of 3.76% (yoy). In addition, the inflation rate of East Kalimantan was slightly higher than the national inflation rate of 2.51% (yoy).

INFLATION RATE



To maintain inflation stability, the Regional Inflation Control Team (TPID) in East Kalimantan, along with all stakeholders, continues to work collaboratively in creating and implementing programs to control inflation and ensure price stability and affordability. At the national level, various efforts are also being optimized through the National Food Inflation Control Movement (GNPIP) program to anticipate the increase in food prices.

PERIODICAL INFLATION RATE (2024-Q2)

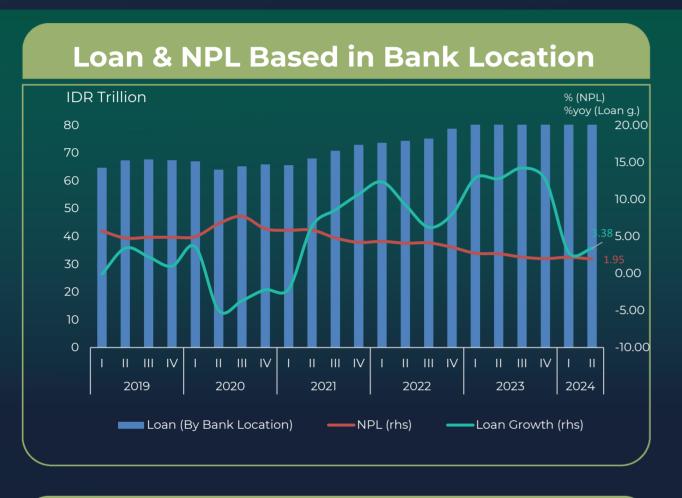
- **2.99** Quarterly Inflation Rate (%yoy)
- -0.04 Monthly Inflation Rate (%mtm)

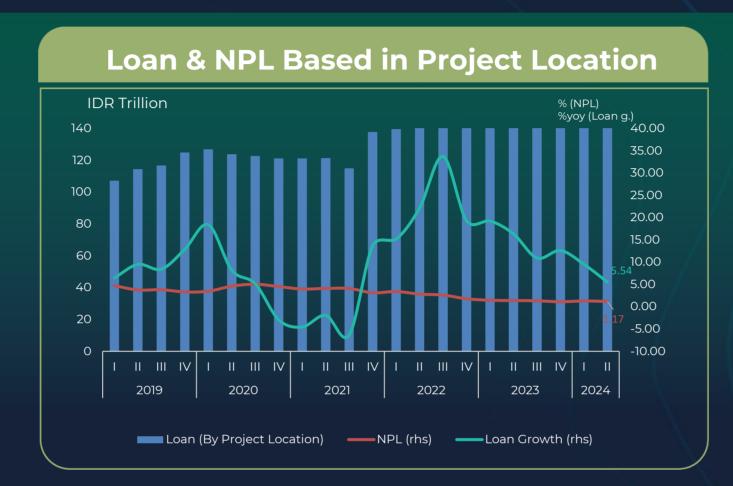


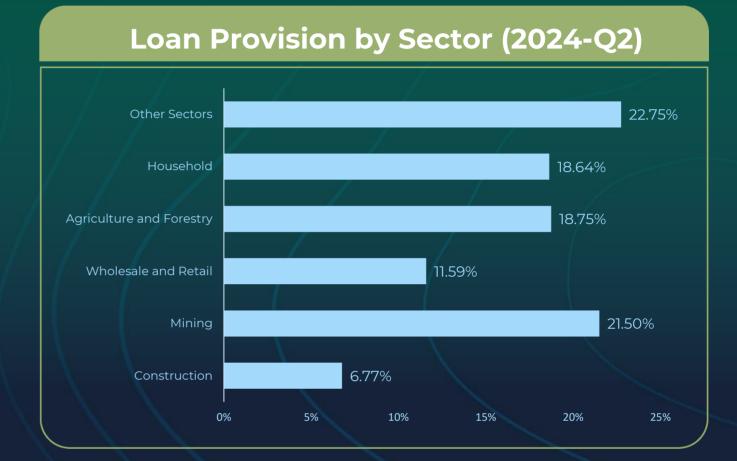


BANKING SECTOR PERFORMANCE

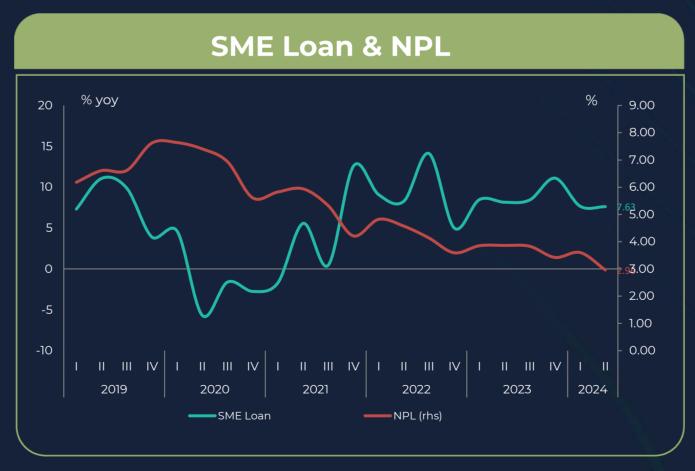
The performance of the banking sector remained stable in 2024-Q2, as evidenced by the low NPL ratios level. The loan growth rate was recorded at 5.54% (yoy) based on project location, while the third-party funds recorded at 8.52% (yoy). Additionally, the assets grew by 5.66% (yoy). Moreover, the Mining sector accounted for 21.50% of the total loans, followed by the Agriculture and Forestry sector accounted for 18.75%.

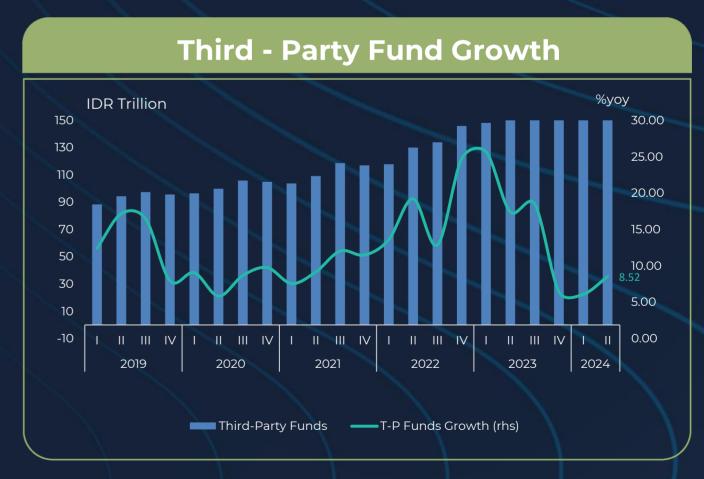












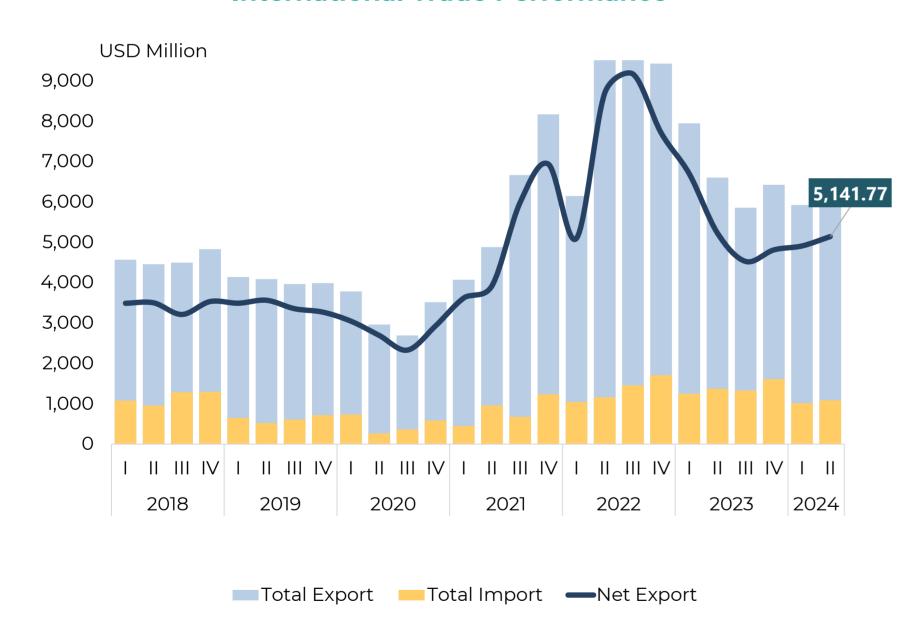


International Trade Performance

The net export value of East Kalimantan in 2024-Q2 has increased compared to previous quarter. Non-oil and gas (O&G) commodities, including minerals and coal, accounted for 82.81% of the total export value, followed by animals or vegetable fats/oils, and fertilizers & inorganic chemicals.

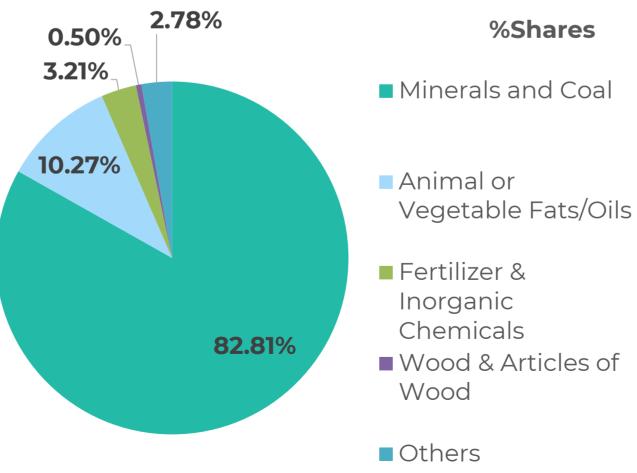
With a net export value estimated at USD5.14 billion in 2024-Q2, East Kalimantan is still exhibiting a promising trend. On the other hand, the top buyers of East Kalimantan's exports were primarily from China (33.34%), India (17.80%), and Philippines (9.38%).

International Trade Performance



Top Export Commodities in 2024-Q2

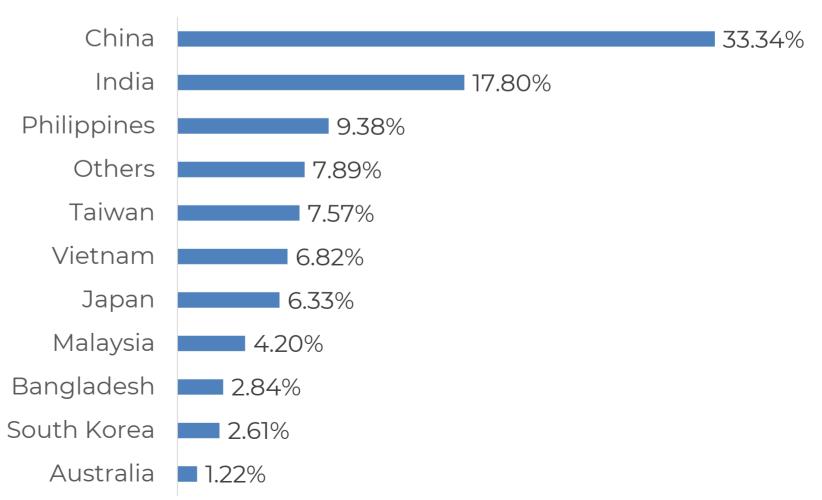




Top Export Destinations in 2024-Q2 (Non O&G)



%Shares



Source: Central Bureau of Statistics of East Kalimantan; Directorate General of Customs and Excise

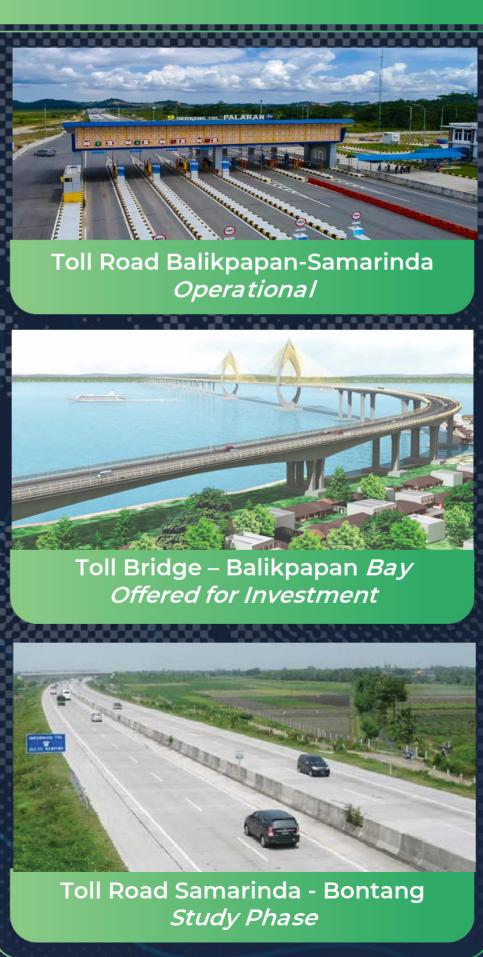
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Connectivity

Providing good infrastructure to support connectivity is the main development agenda of central and provincial governments. Connectivity in East Kalimantan is gradually improved and more connected between regions with Kalimantan's first toll road and continuous preservation projects by Government. In addition, Kariangau international cargo terminal and APT Pranoto international airport are already supporting the access of intra and inter region. Thus, business costs are decreasing, more competitive and the global market has become more accessible.

CONNECTIVITY MAP MICARA NALONIA FROM RAINANTAN TITORI RAINANTAN TENGRI RAINANTAN

LAND



AIR







Maratua Island Domestic Airport

Operational

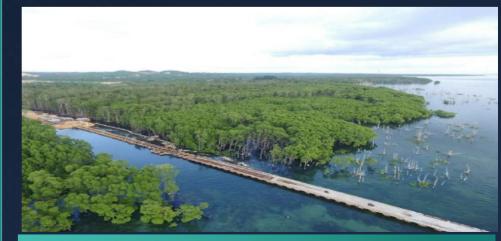
SEA



Palaran (Samarinda) International Cargo - *Operational*



Karingau (Balikpapan) International Cargo *- Operational*



SEZ MBTK –International Airport Commissioning Test (Done)

Electricity

Over the last 10 years, electricity sales in East Kalimantan grew by 7.1% annually. Currently, East Kalimantan has electricity surplus, giving an opportunity for energy-intensive industries looking for a new location with competitive price.

PLN UID Kaltimra has connected 8 medium voltage network in Maloy Special Economic Zone and the Buluminung Industrial Zone, as commitment to support the development of industrial zones and special economic zones in East Kalimantan



POWER GENERATION

INTEGRATED EAST-NORTH KALIMANTAN MAHAKAM SYSTEM

Net Capacity : 1.187,03 MW

Reserve: **240,06 MW**

養養養 Peak Load: **№ 474.5 MW**

94,8%

ELECTRIFICATIONRATIO (EAST-KAL)



NRE POWER PLANT DEVELOPMENT PLAN



Solar Power:

95,8 MW (50 MW for New Capital City of Indonesia)



Bioenergy:

10 MW



Gas Fired Power Plant:

100 MW



Hydropower:

163.2 MW



Transmission Infrastructure::

29 Lines - 4,081km

Source: RUPTL 2021 - 2030

TOTAL CONSUMER EAST & NORTH KALIMANTAN

1.414.432





ASSET DISTRIBUTION

Medium voltage network : 10.516 KM
Low voltage network : 9.762 KM
Power house : 11.220 units

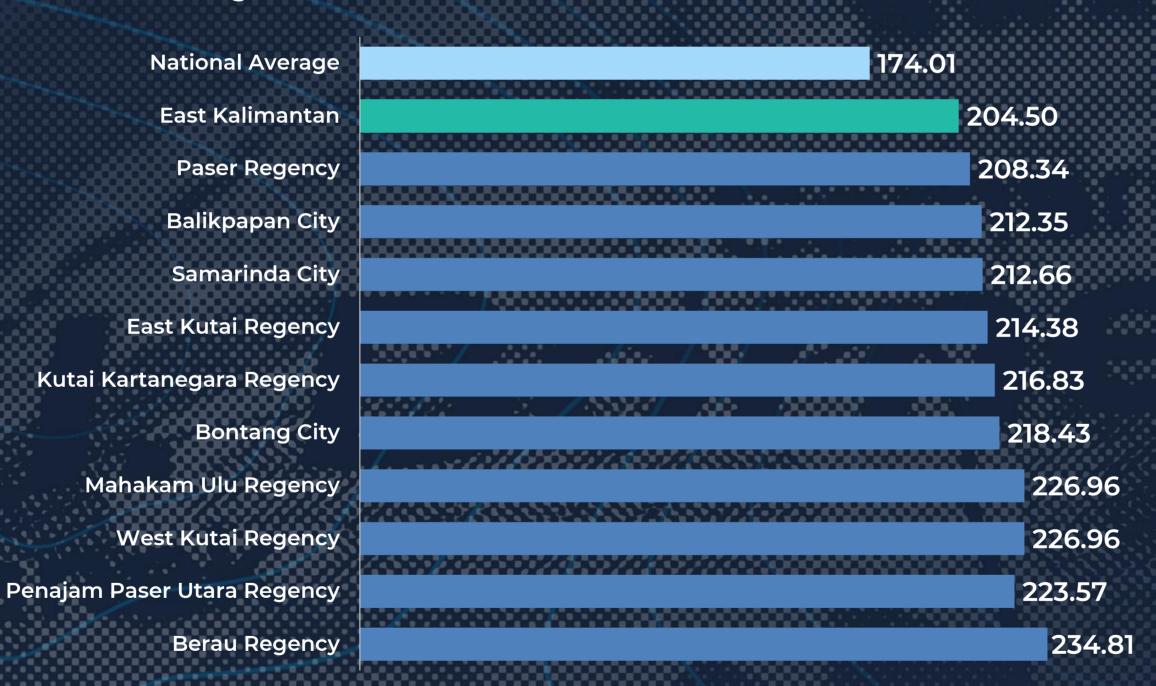
Chapters

HUMAN CAPITAL AND MINIMUM WAGE

MINIMUM WAGE RATE

The average of minimum wage in East Kalimantan in 2024 is IDR 3.360.858 (USD 204.50). This is more competitive compared to other industrial regions such as Jakarta (IDR 5.067.381 or USD 323.69) and Karawang Regency in West Java (IDR 5.257.834 or USD 335.86).

Minimum Wage Rate



*USD/IDR Exchange Rate per February 28th , 2024: USD 1 = Rp15,655

Source: Department of Manpower and Transmigration of East Kalimantan Provincial Government

And Governor Decree No.100.3.3.2/K.814/2023



HUMAN RESOURCE

Universities



54

Higher Education Institutions



11

Universities



6

Polytechnic



20,188Graduates in 2022

Vocational High School (SMK)



218

Vocational High School (SMK)



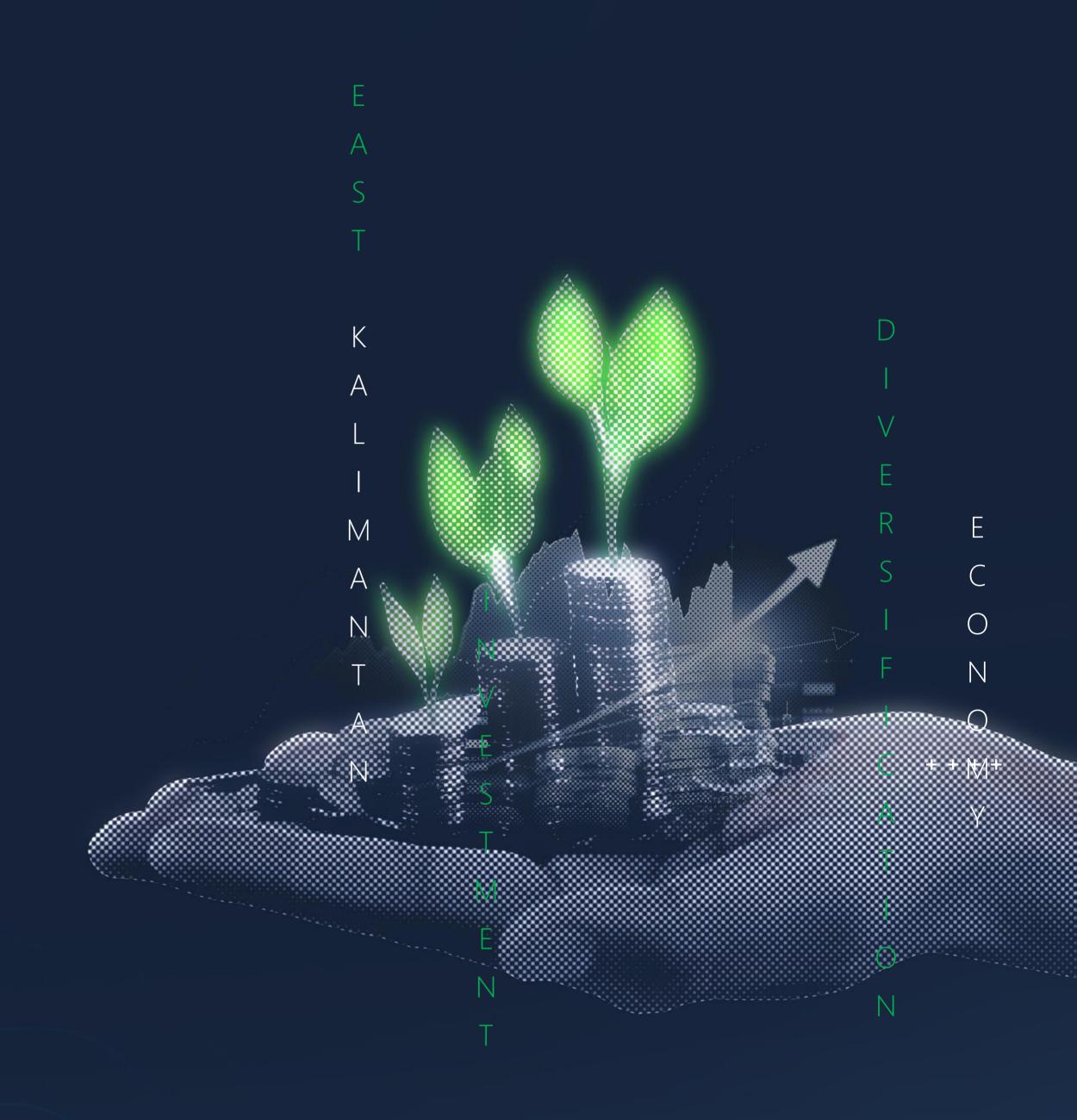
4,754

Graduate In 2022

Source: Ministry of Education, Culture, Research and Technology

Chapters

Investment in East Kalimantan

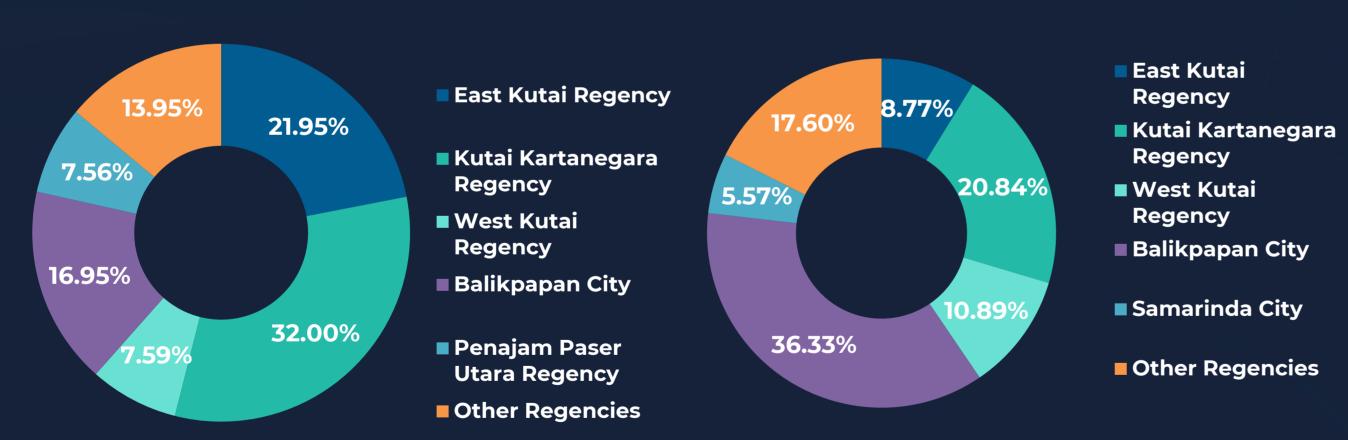




EAST KALIMANTAN INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The capital inflow in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in 2024-Q2 was valued at USD 268.46 million, which is lower than the same period last year by -12.67% (yoy). The majority of FDI has been invested in Kutai Kartanegara Regency with a value of USD 85.91 million. Meanwhile, Domestic Direct Investment (DDI) was recorded at IDR 12.47 trillion, representing a growth of 13.46% (yoy) from the same period of previous year, with the majority of DDI invested in Balikpapan City with a value of IDR 4.53 trillion.

FDI REALIZATION BY REGION

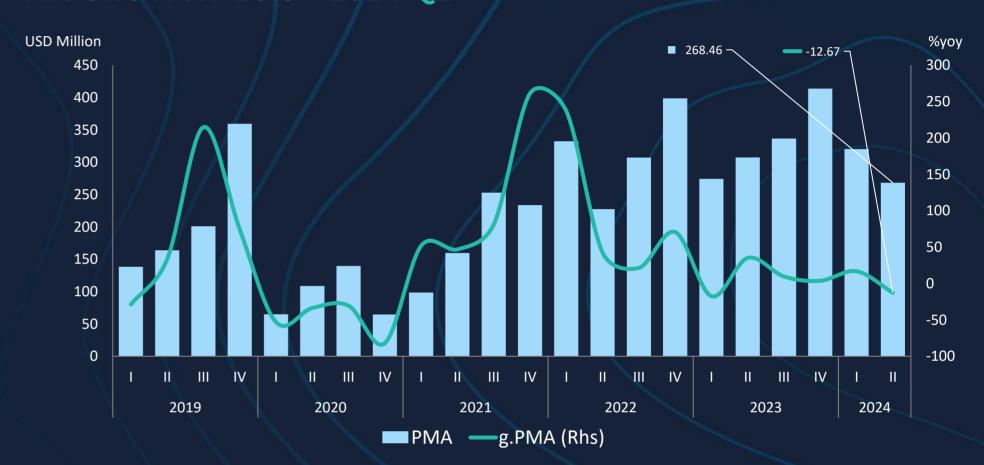


NATIONAL FDI 2024-Q2 RANK 12TH OF 38 PROVINCES

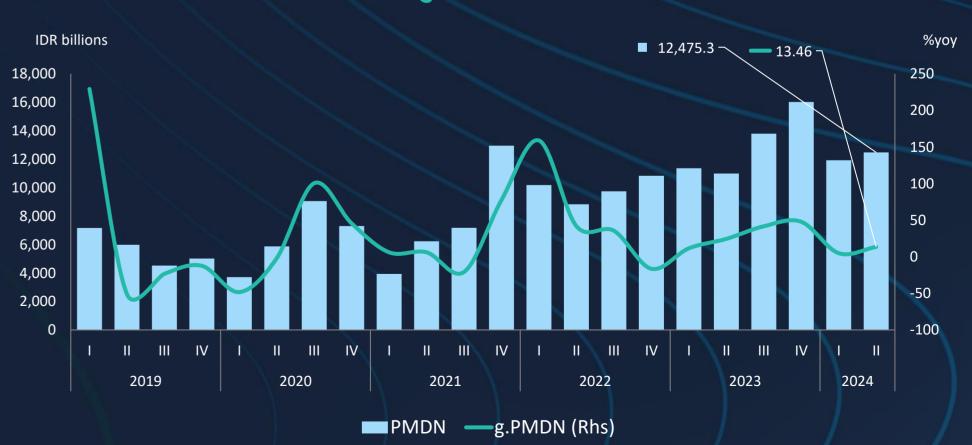


DDI REALIZATION BY REGION

FDI GROWTH 2019 – 2024-Q2



DDI GROWTH 2019 - 2024-Q2



Source: Ministry of Investment & DPMPTSP East Kalimantan Provincial Government



East Kalimantan Investment Realization

In 2024-Q2, majority of foreign investment to East Kalimantan was directed towards Mining Sector and Food Industry Sector. In addition, majority of domestic investment to East Kalimantan was also directed towards Mining Sector and Based Chemical, Chemical Product, and Pharmaceutical Industry Sector. In 2024-Q2, FDI projects in East Kalimantan was 750 projects, absorbing 3.297 workers in total. The main country of origin for FDI was Singapore, accounting for 38.23% of the total, followed by China with 24.28%. On the other hand, East Kalimantan's DDI had 6.577 projects that employed a total of 8.823 workers.

TOP 5 FDI REALIZATION BY COUNTRIES IN 2024-Q2

Rank	Country of Origin	Investment Value (Share in Total FDI Realization)		
1	Singapore	USD 67.23 Million (38.23%)		
2	China	USD 42.70 Million (24.28%)		
3	Malaysia	USD 23.96 Million (13.63%)		
4	British Virgin Island	USD 17.74 Million (10.09%)		
5	United Kingdom	USD 16.09 Million (9.15%)		

Total FDI Realization

Number of FDI Projects

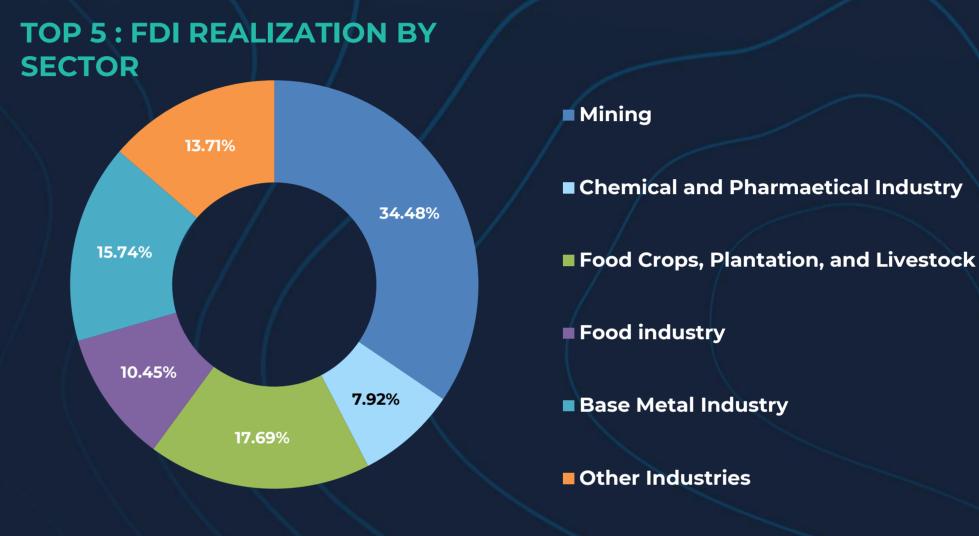
Labor Absorption

USD 268.46 million (2024-Q2)

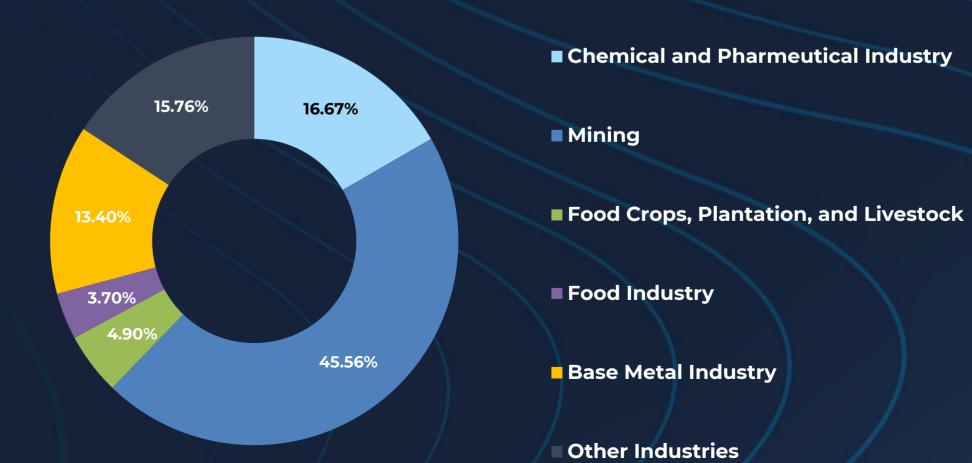
750 Projects (2024-Q2)

3.297 Workers (FDI)
8.823 Workers (DDI)

Source: Ministry of Investment & DPMPTSP East Kalimantan Provincial Government



TOP 5 : DDI REALIZATION BY SECTOR





Improving Investment Climate: Online Single Submission (OSS) System

OSS is a web-based business
licensing system intended to cut
the red tape involved in
obtaining business permits and
integrated between the central
government and regional
administrations



The Advantage of Using OSS











Accessible at anytime & anywhere



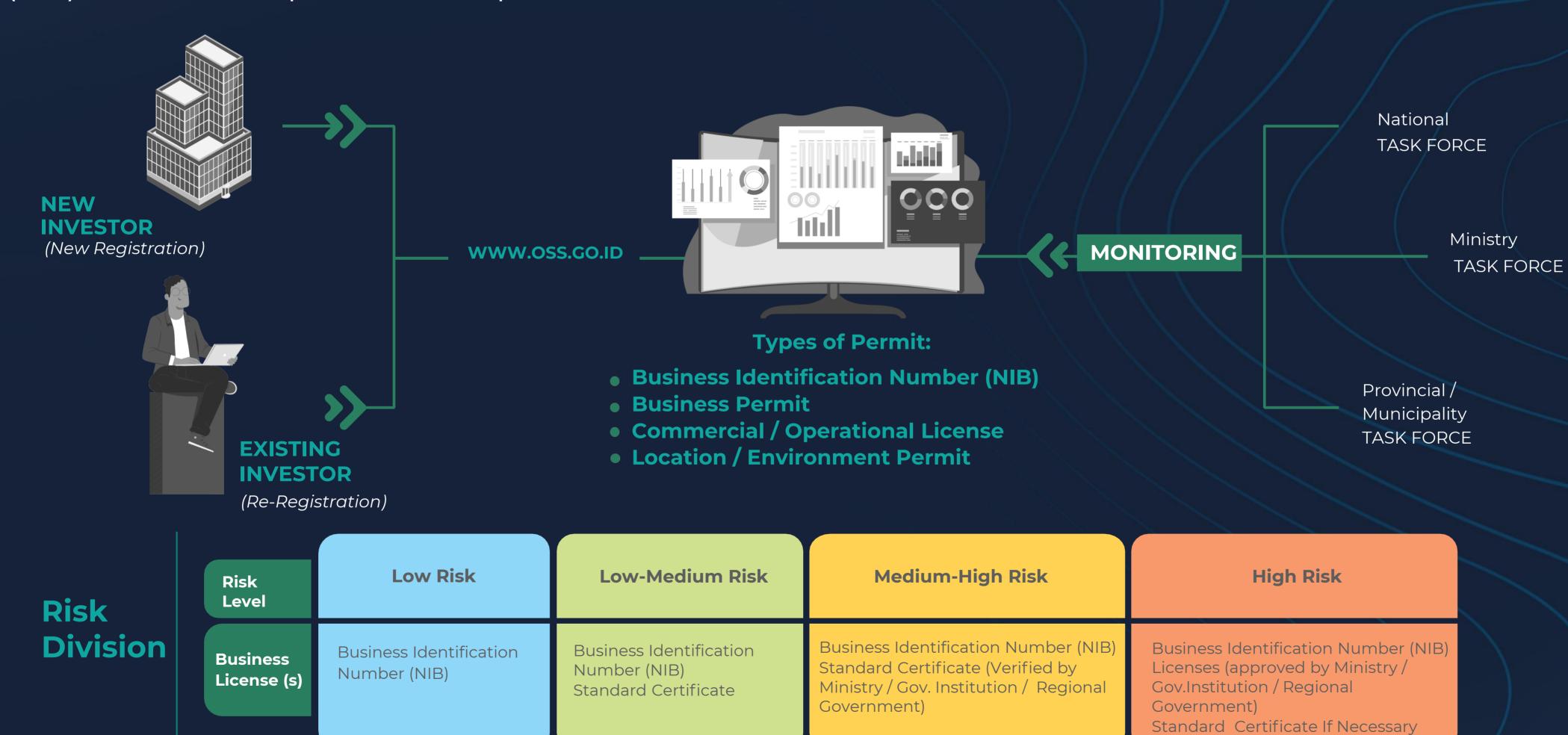
The whole licensing process is monitored by the Task Force



Online Single Submission - Risk Based Approach (OSS-RBA)

An integrated online system with data sharing: flowchart

Services given by OSS-RBA to investors/businesses are based on 2 groups: small and micro businesses (SMEs) and non-SME. The required licenses will depend on business scale and risk level of the business.



Investment Incentives

Incentives to Boost Industry Sector

BUSINESS EXPANSION

- Tax Allowance
- Exemption or relief of import duty on capital goods, machinery or equipment
- Exemption or relief of import duty on raw materials or auxiliary material
- Exemption or suspension of VAT on the import of capital goods or machinery or equipment Depreciation or amortization
- Property tax relief
- Combine with Online Single Submission (OSS)

INDUSTRIAL ZONE

- VAT exemption
- Import duty exemption
- Tax Allowance and Tax Holiday

FREE TRADES ZONES & PORTS

Exemption of:
Import duty, VAT,
Luxury Goods Sales
Tax (PPnBM),
Customs Duty

MICRO, SMALL, MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

Decreasing MSMEs Tax from 1% to 0.5% of gross revenue

PIONEER INDUSTRY

Tax Holiday of Corporate Income

SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE

- No collection of VAT & luxury goods sales tax
- Customs tax exemption
- Tax Allowance and Tax Holiday
- Suspension of Import Duty
- 0% Import Duty

E-COMMERCE

Sales from customs areas for SEs through the market place will be subject to 0.5% income tax

Non-small entrepreneurs/SE: to 0.5% income tax and 1% VAT

TAX HOLIDAY (MoF Regulation No.13/PMK.010/2021)

TAX FIOLIDAT (MOF Regulation No.15/PMK.010/2021)				
	Tax Holiday	Mini Tax Holiday		
Subject	An investment in pioneer industry with a minimum value of IDR 500 bn	An investment in pioneer industry with value between IDR 100 – 500 bn		
CTI Reduction	100% Reduction Rate (single rate)	50% Reduction Rate (single rate)		
Concession Period	5 Years IDR 500 Billion - IDR 1Trillion 7 Years IDR 1 Trillion - IDR 5 Trillion 10 Years IDR 5 Trillion - IDR 15 Trillion 15 Years IDR 15 Trillion - IDR 30 20 Years Trillion IDR > 30 Trillion	5 Years		
Transition	50% CIT Reduction for the next 2 years	25% CIT Reduction for the next 2 years		
Industry Group	a. Upstream base metal; b. Oil and gas purifying and / or refining; c. Petrochemical; d. Basic inorganic chemical; e. Organic-based chemical industry sourced from agricultural products, & plantations; f. Raw material for pharmaceutical industry; g. Manufacture of irradiated, electromedical or electrotherapy equipment; h. Manufacture of main components of electronic or telematics equipment; i. Manufacture of machinery and major components of machinery; j. Robotics component manufacturing industry that supports machinery industry; k. Manufacture of main components of electric power generator machinery; l. Manufacture of motorised vehicles and major components of motorised vehicles; m. Shipyard; n. Train and railways manufacturing; o. Manufacture of major components of aircraft and supporting activities of the aerospace industry; p. Agriculture, plantation, or forestry-based processing industries; q. Economic			

infrastructure; r. Digital economy which includes data processing, hosting, and

activities related to it.

Investment Incentives

Apply on OSS portal: https://oss.go.id/

Tax Allowance

(Govt. regulation No. 78/2019 - MOF Regulation No. 96/2021)

30% CIT **□**

30% net CIT deduction from investment value in the form tangible fixed capital carried over 6 years period (5% every year)



Accelerated depreciation of tangible fixed assets and accelerated amortization of intangible assets



Imposition of income tax on dividends by 10%



Compensation for losses that occurs between 5 to 10 years



Eligible for 166 business fields and 17 business fields in specific location

Under certain requirements, such as: Investment values, Export-oriented products Manpower absorption, Local content Project location (particularly outside Java)

Super Deductible Tax (MoF Regulation No.45 of 2019)

	ON VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	ON R&D	INVESTMENT ALLOWANCE ON LABOR INTENSIVE INDUSTRY
Subject	Corporate taxpayers who provide work practices, internships, and apprenticeships	Corporate taxpayers who carry out certain Research and Development (R&D) activities in Indonesia	Corporate taxpayers who set up a labor intensive industry in Indonesia
Industry Group	Manufacturing, Automotive, Furniture, Shipping, Textile & Garments, Industrial Logistics	The R&D activities to produce new inventions, innovations, new technologies and/or technology transfer to develop competitiveness of national industries	Labor intensive industry (to be elaborated) who has not obtained any fiscal facility from government
Income Tax Reduction Rate	200% REDUCTION RATE, COMPRISE OF: Deduction of gross income tax valued 100% of total expenses for physical lab facilities / workshops, goods and materials used in work practices / apprenticeships, and teaching instructor fees and honorarium or the other like. Additional 100% deduction amounts to the previous point.	300% REDUCTION RATE, COMPRISE OF: STAGES RPMK REAL COST 100% ADDITIONAL Commercialisasion 100% Registration Of Intellectual 50% Property Rights (IPR) In The Form Of Patents Or Plant Variety Protection Rights (PVT) In The Country Registration of IPR abroad / 25% Product Innovation Collaboration with goverment 25% / private R&D Institutions	Deduction of net income tax valued 60% of total investment for fixed assets including land used for main industrial activities.
Period	The cost of building/physical facilities is charged according to the useful life of the fixed assets. For other fees, it is charged in the year concerned so long as the additional deduction for the net income does not cause a fiscal loss.	Additional deductions from net income are charged for 5 years since the results of R&D are used. When taxpayers have intellectual property as a result of the relevant R&D	The deduction of fixed asset including land used for main industrial activities; charged in certain period.



Investment Incentives From Regional Government













INCENTIVE ADMINISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE REGION	EAST KALIMANTAN PROVINCE	SEZ MBTK	BALIKPAPAN CITY	BONTANG CITY	WEST KUTAI REGENCY	EAST KUTAI REGENCY
	Regional Regulation	Governor Regulation	Regional Regulation	Regional Regulation	Regional Regulation	Regional Regulation
	No. 6/2015	No. 53/2019	No. 11/2015	No. 1/2017	No. 16/2015	No. 2/2019
Incentives						
Reduction, relief or release of regional tax, such as:	✓	√ *	√ **	✓	✓	✓
Reduction, relief or release of regional retribution	✓			✓	✓	✓
Facilitation of capital inclusion	✓					
Loan interest subsidies in regional bank	✓					
Provision of stimulant fund					✓	✓
Provision of other capital assistant and incentives					✓	✓
Type of Facilities:						
Provision of data and information	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Provision of facilities and infrastructure	✓	✓	✓		✓	√
Provision of land or location	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Provision of technical supports	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
Provision of training for small-medium investors						✓
Provision of investment promotion and capital opportunity						✓
Acceleration of permission provision	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

^{*)} Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan Special Economic Zone: Reduction incentive is given max. 50% of tax principal payable and administrative sanction being determined. The reliefs applied for Vehicle tax (PKB), Vehicle transfer tax (BBN-KB), and Surface water tax (PAP) are given for max. 5 months since tax principal payable and administrative sanction being determined. For PKB, relief is given to vehicles used for operation in SEZ MBTK. Incentives are given max. 5 years after business entity starts operationally and commercially in KEK BMTK.

^{**)} Incentives is given to investors who conduct businesses in government prioritized area and/or strategic program

Chapters

Trade, Tourism, Industry and Investment Opportunities in East Kalimantan

Chapters

Investment In

Energy and Mining Sector

East Kalimantan is one of Indonesia biggest energy powerhouse blessed with rich earth resources from mineral fuels (coal, oil, natural gas, coal-bed methane/CBM), minerals (metal and non-metal) to NRE alternatives (water, bioenergy and solar). East Kalimantan is looking for investors and entrepreneurs to establish industries in converting the commodities into high-value products.

Opportunities



Derivative chemicals

Olefins, Acetic Acid, Ammonia, Urea, etc.

Waste-to-energy POME-based Bioenergy

Biogas facility (i.e. covered lagoon), Microalgae lipid extraction facility





Hydroelectric Plant



Glass Industry



Smelter



Primary chemicals (Oil & Gas or Coal-based) Methanol, Hydrogen, Syngas



Bioenergy Power Plant

Bioethanol, Biodiesel and Biomass



Derivative chemicals

Olefins, Acetic Acid, Ammonia, Urea, etc.



Solar Farm (SF)

Rooftop SF, Coal mine void SF, Solar panel production facility



Mineral Fuel



Coal: 13,5 billion tons (verified reserves by June 2023)



oil: **985** mmstb (2023)

Coal-Bed Methane:

108 TSCF (2023)



17,861 tons (2023)

Uranium:

Minerals



Metalic Minerals

Gold, Iron, Zinc



Non-Metallic Minerals and Rocks

Limestone: 22.4 billion tons

Clay: 1.2 billion tons

· Igneous Rock : **63** million tons

· Quartz Sand : **2.9** billion tons

New and Renewable Energy





(in study by



Source: Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources (KESDM), Nuclear Power Agency (BATAN) DESDM East Kalimantan, State Electricity Enterprise (PLN)

Investment In

Plantation Sector

Plantation sector is one of the main sectors that drives East Kalimantan economy. In 2023, it accounted for 4.94% of the GRDP excluding CPO industry. The government pushes plantation and its derivatives industry to substitute mining and extraction sector as the biggest economic contributor due to its renewable sources. East Kalimantan is encouraging businesses to adopt and comply to sustainable practices (ISPO, RSPO standards) to protect environment and ecology.



i←→**i** 3.2 million hectares

Dedicated plantation area based on spatial plan.

Productivity

Commodity	Land Area (Hectares)
Palm oil	1.317.613
Rubber	121.690
Cocoa	7.813
Coconut	20.144
Pepper	8.161
Coffee	1.395
Others	2.518



739 thousand hectares

Available plantation area for new license.

Productivity (kg/Ha)



Top Commodity

Palm Oil

1.317.613 Hectares



Production in 2023

Crude palm oil: 20.494.765 tons

Rubber



121.690 Hectares



Cocoa





Coconut





Pepper



Coffee





Others



Opportunity

RDP Palm Oil Refinery

CPO, Palm kernel oil Fatty acid industry



Oleochemicals

Fatty acid, alcohols, amine, Glycerine Lactic acid/PLA



Bioenergy

Biodiesel (national B30-B100 program), Bioethanol, POME-based Biogas



Oleofood

Cooking oil, Shortening, Jam, etc



Natural Rubber **Derivatives**

Crumb rubber, Solid latex, Sheet, Tires, etc.



Coconut **Derivatives**

Coconut oil, VCO, Coconut water, etc.



Food & Beverages

Coffee & Chocolate Powder, Palm sugar in sachet, Choco bar, etc.



Pepper **Derivatives**

Fine powder manufacture, Pepper oil, etc.



Source: Department of Plantation East Kalimantan **Provincial Government**



Forestry and Environmental Sector

East Kalimantan's economy was once dominated by Forestry sector in the 20th century then replaced by natural gas and coal presently. The activities before was dominated by logging and timber industry. In order to make forest industry more sustainable yet give substantial income, the province has adopted and developed a long-term phased green economy strategy to optimize forest economy potential. One of them is by carbon trading in exchange of performing several GHG emission reduction programs. East Kalimantan was the first to be approved to receive performance-based Forest Carbon Partnership Facility – Carbon Fund (FCPF-CF) valued at US\$ 110 millions for 2021-2024.

Ministry of Environment and Forestry prepared forest/green economy to be once again the backbone of Indonesia's Economy. The future of forest utilization will focus on the multi-business forestry that optimizes Non-Timber Forest Products (HHBK/NTFPs) and Environmental Services. More land-based investment and green development are offered by East Kalimantan to supplement the economy.



Natural Forest

Round timber: 914,093 m3

Processed timber: 180,575 m3

Plantation Forest: 2,390,168 m3



Forest Area: 8,256,767 Ha

Limited production forest: 2,881,564 Ha
Fixed production forest: 3,024,576 Ha
Convertible production forest: 120,712 Ha



Realization

2021: 1,246.72 tons (Rubber sap, corn, timber skin, honey, rattan, etc)



Top Commodity

License for activities for forest utilization

Protected Forest



- 1. Area use
- 2. Environmental services
- 3. Non-timber forest products collection

Production Forest



- 1. Area use
- 2. Environmental services
- 3. Timber products utilization
- 4. Non-timber forest products utilization
- 5. Timber products collection
- 6. Non-timber forest products collection

Opportunity

Non-Timber Forest Products (NTFPs)

Traditional medicinal herbs, pine/rubber sap, honey, sago palm, rice, corn, coconut, timber skin, rattan, and other food/raw materials.



Wood Processing Industries

Pulp and paper, construction materials, tall oils, timber, wood chips, cellulose and other fabricated material.



Carbon Reduction Program

Forest and land-use management as emission reduction program / Carbon credit.



Municipal Waste Management

Waste processing facility, Medical waste handling facility, Household collection infrastructure and management.



Social Forestry

A sustainable forest management system in particular forest land that involves rural and indigenous people to improve livelihoods and climate actions.

Social Forestry model in Indonesia			C
Model	Form	Period	Target Group
Community Forestry (HKm)	Permit	35 years	Forest user group
Village Forest (HD)	Permit	35 years	Village
Community Plantation Forest (HTR)	Permit	35 years	Community business group
Partnership (Kemitraan)	Agreement	Variable	Forest user group near forest enterprise
Customary Forest (HA)	Recognition	No time limit	Indigenous community

Benefits for investors, corporates and communities

- Increased biodiversity
- Carbon credit certification
- Sustainable NTFPs
- Sustainable wood products
- Increased growth and profitability
- Improved business resilience by reducing Supply & Demand, regulatory and capital risks
- Increase customer trust
- Improved talent attraction and retention

Investment In

Fishery and Maritime Sector

In terms of maritime and fishery sector, East Kalimantan is one of the provinces with greatest potential both capture and aquaculture fisheries. East Kalimantan is located in the side of Makassar strait that plays a role as the rendezvous point for marine populations from Pacific Ocean and Indian Ocean as well as maritime silk road route. In addition, 920-km long Mahakam river is playing a significant role for East Kalimantan people as the source of water as well as source of income for fishermen and aquaculture businesses.

For the last 3 years, fishery and maritime sector had upward contribution to the province's GRDP. There are plenty of business opportunities especially exportoriented business in the maritime and fishery sector in East Kalimantan, such as land-based aquaculture, tuna processing facility, cold storage, prawn aquaculture and many more. On the other hand, East Kalimantan Province also provides incentives for the marine and fisheries sector through a funding program called the Forest Carbon Partnership Facility-Carbon Fund.

Top Commodity

Commodity (Aquaculture)	Production in 2023 (tons)
Seaweed (Gracilaria verrucosa)	54.247
Parrot fish (Oreochromis niloticus)	39.221
Eurasian Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	15.599
Milkfish (Chanos chanos)	14.590
Whiteleg shrimp	17.573
Iridescent shark (Pangasius Pangasius)	12.346
Giant tiger prawn (Penaeus monodon)	12.621
Snakehead murrel (Channa striata)	12.346
Seaweed (Eucheuma cottonii)	7.070
Giant mud crab (Scylla serrata)	9.722
Spiny lobster (Panulirus argus)	34

Incentives

Forest Cabon Partnership Facility

Carbon Fund (FCPF-CF)			
Indonesia has signed an Emission			
Reduction Payment Agreement (ERPA)			
th the World Bank on 25 November 2020.			
e payment agreement provides potential			
incentives for Indonesia, especially East			
alimantan Province, to obtain up to US\$			
10 million from the Carbon Fund as an			

incentive to reduce 22 million tons of

carbon emissions in East Kalimantan in the

period of June 2019 to 2024.



Indian Ocean

Trading route to Australia, Africa, India, Middle eastern nations to Mediterranean nations.



37.6 million hectaresOceanic area

3,925 kmCoastline length

2.75 million hectaresExclusive Economic Zone

US\$ 36 million2022 Target for F&M Export Value

Source: Department of Maritime and Fishery East Kalimantan

Opportunity

Integrated Seaweed Industry

Muara Jawa (Kutai Kartanegara), Penajam Paser Utara



Land-based Aquaculture

Bontang (Salmon)



Freezer and Ice Factory

Bontang (Tuna, Mackarel, Skipjack)



Aquaculture

Bontang (Epinephelus);
Berau (Traditional,
Floating net); Berau
(Giant tiger prawn)
Tanjung tengah (Giant tiger prawn
nursery)

Fish Processing Industry

Bontang (Tuna, Mackerel, Skipjack)



Food Industry

Samarinda, Balikpapan, Bontang (Fish chips, shredded, Fish cake, Frozen meatball)



@paradiseoftheeast -ESCAPE TO-EAST BORNED

@kaltim.kreatif





East Kalimantan is more than mining and energy industry. It has some cultural and natural tourist's charms captivating the heart of local and international travellers. In East Kalimantan, tourist will find acres of lush jungles full of exotic flora and fauna; fine white sand beaches; diving wonders; and rich culture and hospitable people. Creative economy like arts, design and media are thriving pretty rapidly making more contribution to East Kalimantan's economy.

East Kalimantan Tourism Area

"Escape to East Borneo, Lost in Paradise"



Forest Ecotourism

Strategic Area

East Kutai, Bontang, Kutai Kartanegara. Balikpapan, Paser



Hiking/Trekking, Wildlife viewing, Voluntourism, Zoo, National park, Camping, Biodiversity tour, Karst caving and many more









Strategic Area

Mahakam Ulu, Berau, Samarinda, Bontang, Balikpapan, Kutai Kartanegara

Experience

Diving, Snorkeling, Boat tour, Marine wildlife sightseeing, Coral conservation, Marine wildlife conservation, Turtle hatching, and many more



Cultural Ecotourism

Strategic Area

West Kutai, Kutai Kartanegara, Samarinda



Experience

Engagement with local tribes, Tribal festival, Traditional dance, Museum visit, and many more



Opportunity

Ecolodge Accommodation

New Capital City, Teluk Sumbang, Kaniungan Island



Lost in Paradise

Tourism Boat: Houseboat (3 or 4 stars facility)

Mahakam river cruise: Samarinda – Tenggarong Muara Muntai



Water Transportation -Water buses / Executive speedboat

Tanjung Redep (Berau) -Derawan Archipelago, Maratua Island, Kaniungan Island/Teluk Sumbang

Tourism Spot Management

Kumala Island (Themepark)



Glamping Accommodation

Beaches across East Kalimantan, Teluk Sumbang, Kaniungan Island, Muara Badak beach



39

Tourism Boat: Public Transport

Mahakam river cruise: Samarinda (city tour), lake cruise in Semayang /Melintang / Jempang lakes.



Thematic Restaurant

New Capital City, Maratua Island. Samarinda, Balikpapan, Tanjung Redep, Bontang, Sangatta



Thematic Recreational Park

New Capital City





Wildlife Ecotourism







The Borneo Orangutan Survival Foundation (BOS), the 2,000 hectare sanctuary was created with the aim of providing a safe haven for rehabilitated orangutans and sun bears, whilst also at the same time providing a source of income for local

people. Since 2001, the surrounding area has been planted with more than a million trees covering more than 1,000 different species. With dense forest, the density and diversity of wildlife returned. Meanwhile, 137 bird species and nine primate species have been recorded.



Kutai Kartanegara, **East Kalimantan** Samboja Lestari

Bornean orangutan rescue and rehabilitation centre



The Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat Karst is located in Berau and East Kutai Districts. The tourists will be greeted by ancient relics, caves, palms, bones and teeth of ancient creatures. The 2004 biological expedition by The Conservancy and the Nature Indonesian Institute of Sciences has identified 120 bird species, 200 species

of insects, one giant cockroach, 400 species of flora and 50 species of fish. Moreover, there is also orangutan habitat in Beriun Mountain as the part of Karst area. The site has been nominated in the UNESCO World Heritage Site since May 2015 and suggested to be a Geopark in April 2017.



Berau and East Kutai, East Kalimantan Sangkulirang-**Mangkalihat Karst**

Karstique area, Nominated geopark



With 2.47 m in diameter and 30 m in a safe haven for the trees as well as other height, this particular huge Ulin tree is endemic to Kalimantan Island, also extends over an area of 2,000 km2 and

floral i.e. orchids and fauna such as 10 species of primates, 90 species of known by locals as Iron Timber due to mammals and 300 species of birds i.e. its durability. Kutai National Park orangutan, bekantan (proboscis monkey).



Berau and East Kutai, **East Kalimantan** Sangkulirang-**Mangkalihat Karst**

Karstique area, Nominated geopark

Marine Ecotourism







Labuan Cermin is captivating everyone with its crystal-clear tozca water that reflects everything underwater like a mirror (cermin). The lake is a unique lagoon, it contains both brine and freshwater coming from Karst around the area.



Berau,
East Kalimantan
Labuan Cermin

Pre-historic cave



Located near from the mainland of East Kalimantan in the district of Berau, the Derawan archipelago comprises 31 islands. The most well known islands among these are Derawan, Maratua, Sangalaki and Kakaban. Derawan is Indonesia's largest nesting site of the rare and endangered giant green turtles and hawksbill turtles, where people can daily watch turtles lay their eggs in the sand or swim to sea with the turtles. The entire marine conservancy region covers a total area of more than 1.27 million hectares. It is the perfect tropical paradise with warm, isolated islands, soft white sand

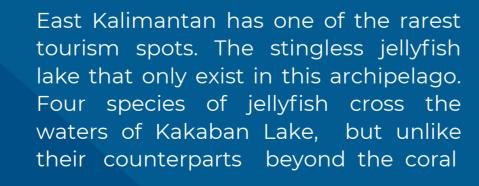
beaches fringed with waving palm trees, pristine seas that change color from green to deep blue, and an amazing underwater life of giant turtles, dolphins, manta rays, dugongs and barracudas, stingless jellyfish and sometimes, whales. Here, you can find 460 different species of corals, ranking this area as the second biggest corals species after Raja Ampat Islands in West Papua. The Nature Conservancy and international experts team also found more than 870 species of fish, ranging from tiny pygmy seahorses to giant manta rays.



Berau, East Kalimantan, Derawan Archipelago

Tropical paradise





wall, the lake-jellies have no natural predators, resulting in the evolution of the species to no longer need their venom as self-defense.



Berau, Derawan Archipelago, East Kalimantan Kakaban Lake in Kakaban Island

Jellyfish lake

Ecotourism







Mahakam river is the most important logistic route to transport people, goods and commodities between upstream and downstream area in East Kalimantan. Touring the city through Mahakam River with boat is an exciting experience to do. The tour takes 3 to 5 hours to visit attractive tourism spots around Samarinda and Kutai Kartanegara.



Samarinda and Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan Mahakam River Cruise

River Tour



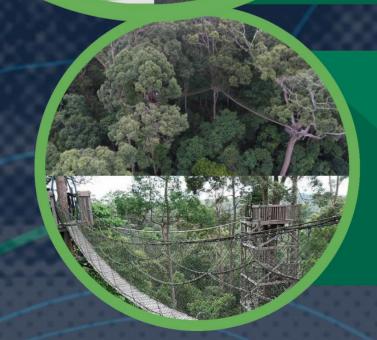
The Middle Mahakam Area (MMA) comprises Jempang, Melintang and Semayang lakes which is located in a geological depression covering an area approximately 4,000 square kilometre. The area has a high biodiversity potential in terms of breeding and migratory bird species. It also hosts the iconic species of East Kalimantan, the critically endangered Irrawaddy Dolphin (Orcaella brevirostris) or called by locals as Pesut, who lives in fresh, brackish and salt water.

Not only enjoying the biodiversity offered by the three lakes, tourists can also explore social and cultural life around the lakes. East Kalimantan government provides water transportation to connect the three lakes with Mahakam river so it is more reachable by Mahakam river cruise.



Kutai Kartanegara and West Kutai, East Kalimantan Three Lakes Ecotourism (Semayang, Melintang, Jempang)

Lake ecotourism, Wildlife sightseeing



Bukit Bangkirai (Bangkirai Hill) is a 1,500-hectare natural tropical located about 58 kilometres Balikpapan. There are Bangkirai trees (Shorea laevis) with 40-50 m in height, 120 bird species and monkeys, 45 kinds of orchids, and etc. Black orchids and other kinds of orchids are endemic to Bukit Bangkirai.

Visitors can also experience walking along in a 64-metre canopy bridge which connects 5 big bengkirai trees 30 m above the ground.



Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan Bengkirai Hill

Tropical forest tour

Cultural Tourism







The Dayak tribes who mostly live in the traditions while living in this world. Kalimantan have rich traditions and cultures that are still inherent in their daily with tattoos and elongating the ears. lives as a continuation of their ancestral

upstream area of the Mahakam River, East A culture for Dayak women includes a belief of beautifying herself. They do it



Mahakam Ulu and West Kutai, East Kalimantan, Dayak Tribe

Indigenous people of Borneo



Erau is an heritage ceremony celebrated by Of Tenggarong anniversary. The festival has the Sultanate of Kutai Kartanegara Ing transformed to be an international event Martadipura, taking place in the city named the Erau International Folk and Art of Tenggarong, Kutai Kartanegara. It was Festival (EIFAF) that highlights Kutai art and initiated by the first King around 12th century culture, as well as art and culture from other as a royal celebration. Even though, the reign regions in Indonesia and other nations. of Kutai Kingdom ended, the tradition is maintained and preserved in commemoration



Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan **Erau Festival**

Art and culture festival



The wonders of Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat of the hands of ancient inhabitants and Karst are not limited to the imperiled arks of figures of animals. The paintings told the biodiversity, lurking in the limestone caves, history of migration that has shaped human imprint in the form of hundreds Bornean culture, beliefs, and traditions. prehistoric rock paintings. There are imprints



Berau and East Kutai, **East Kalimantan** Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat Rock Art

Prehistoric cave art



In respecting the mother earth for ancestral attended by 11 villages there. Hudoq Pekayang ritual request is presented to the Almighty Pekayang means to visit each other. God, known as Hudoq dance. Every year, the Mahakam Ulu Dayak who live in Long Lunuk Village, Long Pahangai Sub-District, held a Hudoq Pekayang. Festival which must be

blessing of rich land and abundant agricultural is a form of thanksgiving for planting and results, a dance is performed to the earth and harvesting season. Hudoq means mask,



Mahakam Ulu, **East Kalimantan Hudoq Pekayang Festival**

Traditional festival

Chapters

Investment Project Ready-to-Offer (IPRO)

in East Kalimantan

Opportunity

6 Project

US\$ 2,931 Bio Est. Investment

Value



TOTAL POTENTIAL INVESTMENT

Special Economic Zones and Industrial Parks Opportunities in East Kalimantan

Special Economic Zone

Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan

East Kutai Regency

Project Description

- The first Special Economic Zone (SEZ) in Kalimantan Island located in geostrategic Indonesia's ALKI 2 route, built to accelerate the development of palm oil derivatives (olein, stearin, glycerol, methyl ester), wood downstream, and logistic industries in East Kalimantan.
- Existing facilities: power supply by state electricity company (PLN) 30 Megawatt, on-site water management system, management telecommunication infrastructure, office buildings and security service, 11,4km on-complexed road, international seaport, industrial waste treatment plant and solid waste.
- Project owner seeking for tenants and investors to establish plants/factories in the industrial complex.

Project Owner

PT. Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan (PT. MBTK) is a Government Owned Enterprise whose share 100% owned by the Government of East Kalimantan. PT. MBTK assigned to manage and develop government asset to enhance regional income which comes from the business in the field of forestry, mining, fisheries, tourism. PT. MBTK located in International Special Economic Zone Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan, Kaliorang District, East Kutai Regency, East Kalimantan Province

Key Investment highlight

Kutai Timur,
East Kalimantan



Total Area/Land Status

509,49 Ha (owned by project
owner-No.33SHPL/KEM-ATR/BPN/2018)



Investment Target

IDR 34.31 Billion or

US\$ 2.39 Billion (2025)



Business Scheme

Business to Business



Yearly Rates (Perbup No.16/2021)

IDR 1,750,- per sqm for the first 20 years, Grace periods: 4 years

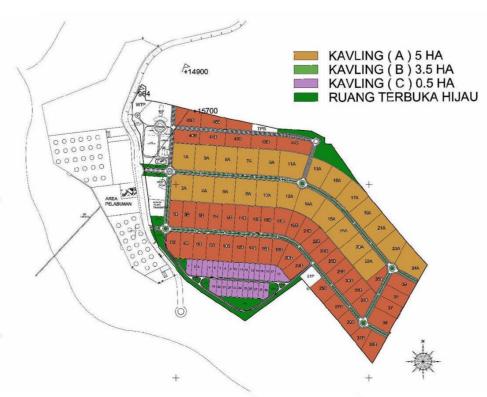


Project Owner
PT. MBTK

Kutai Timur, East Kalimantan











Infrastructure

- 11.4 Km On-complex Road
- International Seaport
- Power Supply By State Electricity Company
- (PLN) On-site Water Management System
- Industrial Waste Treatment Plant and Solid Waste Management
- Telecommunication Infrastructure
- Office Buildings and Security Service



Contact Person Muhammad Ade Himawan (CEO)

+62 811-3300-774



Project Description

Kaltim Industrial Estate or KIE is an industrial area located in Lok Tuan Village, North Bontang District, Bontang City. PT. Pupuk Kaltim which is the owner

- of this IP also engaged in procuring industrial land and providing facilities for tenants.
 - The IP provides competitive rental rate, waste water and water treatment plant with cap. 15.000 m3/month, electricity, steam, N2 gas, office building,
- housing complex and natural gas supply & facilities provided by Pertamina Gas.
 - The IP has 8 jetty with capacity of 2.000-55.000 DWT and Load-Unload Facility makes this IP fully support future tenants.
- Industry Specialization: coal based industry (coal to syn gas), CPO based industry (fatty acid, fatty amine, bio diesel), smelter industry (nickel), small & middle
- industry.

Project Owner

This industrial area is one with the factory area owned by PT Pupuk Kaltim. This industrial area is managed by PT Kaltim Industrial Estate, a subsidiary of PT Pupuk Kaltim.

Contact Person Johan Ardiansyah

(Head of Division Business & Marketing)

+62 852 5096 9550 kiepmsr002@gmail.com





Key Investment highlight

Location

Project Owner

Bontang East Kalimantan

Kaltim Industrial Estate

Bontang, East Kalimantan



Total Area/Land Status

198.04 Ha

Rates

\$6-16.5 sqm/year



\$

φο 10.5 5q111/year

Business Scheme
Business to Business



Infrastructure

Waste Water Treatment Cap. 15.000 m3/month Electricity Cap. 80 MW

Nitrogen Cap. 500 Nm3/h (On progress to 1000 Nm3/h

Steam Cap. 156 Ton/h

Portable Water Cap. 550 m3/h

Demin Water Cap. 2x168 m3/h

SWRO Cap. 100 m3/h

Natural Gas Supply and Facilities at KIE Bontang are provide by PT. Pertamina



9550

Balikpapan Waste Management Project

Balikpapan City



Balikpapan's waste management initiative is centered on the Manggar Final Waste Management Facility (TPAS Manggar) which spans 43 hectares, divided into 7 landfill zones managed by Balikpapan Environmental Agency. With 4.8 hectares clear area available for development, there is significant potential for the construction of advanced waste processing building. in 2023, TPAS Manggar manages approximately 412.62 tons per day of waste with composition including 40.43% easily degradable waste, 24.53% plastic, 17.63% paper, and others.

Located in the strategic city of Balikpapan, East Kalimantan, TPAS Manggar finds itself in close proximity to Indonesia's forthcoming new capital "Nusantara", this project then serves a rapidly growing population and busting industrial sector. The facility offers several payment mechanism for investors and the local government (LG) of Balikpapan tentatively could pay tipping fee of IDR 150,000-200,000 per ton of waste. This project is planned to enter the bidding process in the fourth quarter of 2024.

The TPAS Manggar site in Balikpapan functions as a controlled open landfill, employing minimal waste processing technology. Recognizing the need for improvement, the Local Government is actively seeking collaborations with investors to explore various waste-to-energy processing technologies. Anaerobic digestion emerges as a promising option,

due to its ability to treat mixed waste with minimal pre-sorting requirements and a low reject rate of 10%. The main by-products, electricity and bio-gas are highly marketable and can be sold to households, electricity companies, and for captive power consumption.

Key Investment highlight

Location

Project Owner

Balikpapan City East Kalimantan

Mayor of Balikpapan

Balikpapan City, East Kalimantan



Total Area/Land Status

4,8 Ha clear area allocated for $\Psi\Psi\Psi$ the construction of waste processing facility buildings



Public Private Partnership Scheme



Est. Investment Value \$32,8 Million

Financial Feasibility:

Project IRR: 13% NPV: \$23,3 million **EIRR: 40,60%** Land Ava.: 4.8 Ha **Concession Period: 15 Years including 2 years** construction

Recommended Tech:

MRF + Anaerobic digestion (AD) (BioCNG) + SLF **Energy byproducts: Biogas Digestate -> BIO CNG** GHG-reducing value: CH4 - 125 Kg CO2-eg/ton MSW



Existing facility:

Grid-Connected Voltage 53.000 VA Source of Water from underground deep well Leachate treatment facility Weigh bridges & administration building



Project Owner

Balikpapan Enviromental Bureau is a part of Balikpapan Government which responsible in the formulation of technical policies in the environmental sector, protection of natural resources, cleanliness, control of pollution, and environmental damage.

Payment Mechanism

- Availability Payment (AP) based on
- performance Tipping fee Rights to sell electricity (PLN) and other residues / by-products



Contact Person Nusyamsiarni Larose

(Balikpapan Environmental Department Secretary)

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□ nursyamsiarni.larose@balikpapan.go.id

Palm Oil Downstream Industry of Fatty Acid

Bontang City



Project Description

- Downstream oil palm agroindustry in the form of fatty acids (KBLI 20115) is one of the derivatives of oleochemicals that has a great opportunity to be developed in Bontang City, East Kalimantan Province, considering that the province has oil palm plantations covering an area of 1,208,697 ha with a production capacity of CPO 3,8 million tons/year.
- Globally, the world's consumption of fatty acidbased products is currently growing at around 7% per year with production capacity that tends to remain constant over the past few years. The Asian demand is 6.6 million tons/year and the European Union is 1.7 million tons/year, but the fullfillment of the fatty acid needs has only reached 4.5 million tons/year, so there is a market opportunity for fatty acids of 3.8 million tons/year.

Project Owner

This project owned by PT Pupuk Kaltim was located in Kaltim Industrial Estate area and currently being managed by PT Kaltim Industrial Estate, a subsidiary of PT Pupuk Kaltim.







Key Investment Highlight

Project Owner PT. Pupuk Kaltim



Incentives:

Tax Allowance – Indonesian Government Regulation Number 79 of 2019 and • Regulation of the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia Number

- 11/PMK.010/2020
- Import Facility Regulation of the Minister of Finance Number 176/PMK.011/2009
- Super Deduction Government Regulation no. 45 of 2019

Latitude: 0.184

WACC: 10.35%

Investment Value \$234 Million



KBLI Code: 20115 NPV: \$65 Million IRR: 14,6 %

Payback Period: 6 Years 8 Months

Longitude: 117.485 Land Ava.: 48.5 Ha











Johan Ardiansyah



(Head of Division Business & Marketing)

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The Development of Loading-Unloading Facility of Penajam Port in Buluminung Industrial State

Penajam Paser Utara Regency

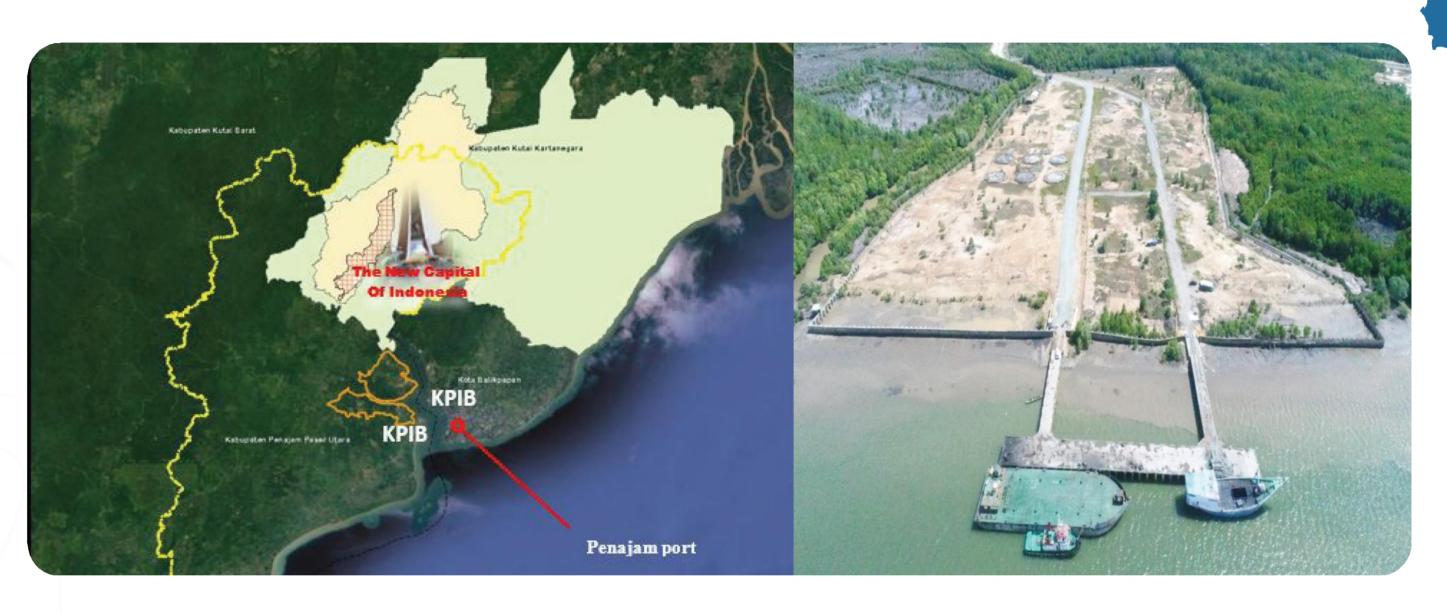
Project Description

- Penajam port is already running and profitable. The port is used for loading-unloading of cargo and commodity between Penajam Paser Utara (PPU) and outside region. The project's purpose is to expand the port's services by developing new infrastructure.
- PPU is an important for logistic especially to southern part of East Kalimantan and South Kalimantan, the development of port can ease transport of goods and cut logistical cost.
- The project can serve some companies that have been operating in Buluminung Industrial Estate.
- The project aims to support logistical activities related to the construction of New Capital City in PPU particularly loading-unloading construction materials and staple food.

Project Owner

The Buluminung Penajam port is currently managed by Technical Implementation Unit (UPT) on behalf of PPU Government. The port is going to be handed over to government-owned enterprise for future cooperation with Investors.





Key Investment highlight

Project Owne

Government of Penajam Paser Utara

Buluminung Industrial Estate, Penajam Paser Utara, East Kalimantan



Public Private Partnership



Investment Target

US\$ 14.8 Million (2030)



Total Area/Land Status
17,95 Ha (Zone A1)



Financial Feasibility
Concession Period Years
IRR 32%, NPV US\$ 32,3 Million,
Payback Period: 4.3 years



Crumb Rubber Factory

West Kutai Regency



Project Description

- The crumb rubber factory project aims to provide price security and bring added-value to West Kutai rubber in farmer level. Currently, rubber is one of the top commodities.
- The investment project offered is the construction of a crumb rubber factory to produce SIR 20/SIR 10 products. The production capacity is 10,000 tons/year or ± 30 tons/day under the Design, Build, Finance, Maintenance and Operate (DBFMO) scheme.
- The project location is in West Kutai Regency (the second largest regency in East Kalimantan), to be precise at the Sendawar Regional Activity Center (PKW). This land is suitable for the designation of a center of economic and industrial growth in accordance with the Regional Regulation of Kabupaten Kutai Barat No. 32/2013 concerning Spatial and Regional Planning for 2011-2031. The status of the land is community property (1 party) with an area of ± 10Ha.

Project Owner

The project is offered by West Kutai Government and coordinated by Planning Department. Investors is expected to construct, operate and absorb raw rubber from local derivative products.

Proposed Location





Key Investment highlight

Project Owner

Est. Investment Value

CAPEX US\$ 2.95 Million

Government of West Kutai

Muara Barong village, Melak Ilir ward, Melak District, West Kutai, East Kalimantan



Business Scheme Public Private Partnership Design – Build – Finance – Maintain – Operate (DBFMO)



Financial Feasibility (Prefeasibility Study)

Economic lifetime 20 years; NPV \$1.1 million; WACC 12%

IRR 16,.53%; Payback Period: 7,6 years



Contact Person FX Indrajaya

(with capacity assumption of 140.000 tpy)

(Head of Sub-Division, Investment Department)

√ +62 822-5200-0345

☑ indra.jaya62@yahoo.com

Land Requisite and Status

Land procurement can be provided by

West Kutai Goverment under agreement

± 10 Ha (owned by public)

according to applied regulations



Exporting SMEs: Food & Beverages





Green bean, Roasted

Gaharu (Agarwood) Tea Bag, Gaharu Cinamon Tea bag bean Grinded Coffee

⊠ sekatup.sariindoensia@gmail.com

% +62 812 90 999 809

www.tehgaharu.com

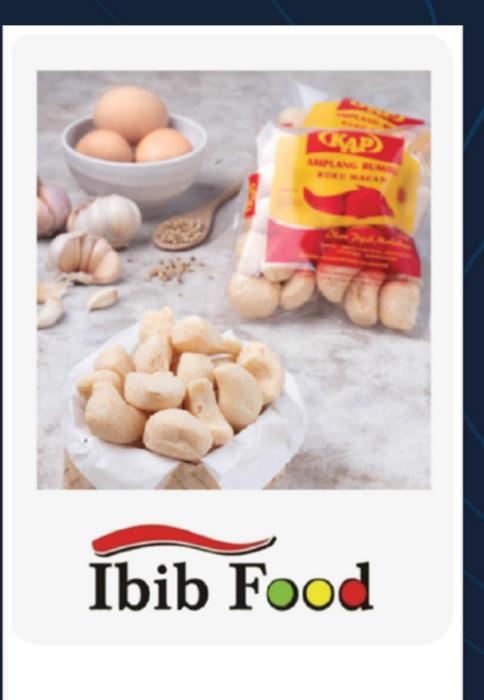


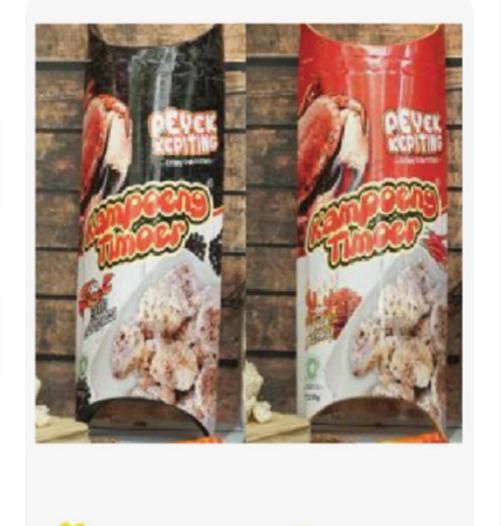
PT. Sekatup Sari Indonesia

Spiced Fish Crackers (Amplang), Shredded Tuna

- ⊠ lln4waty@yahoo.com
- **6** +62 813 5046 2849
- @ @ibibfood

Ibib Food





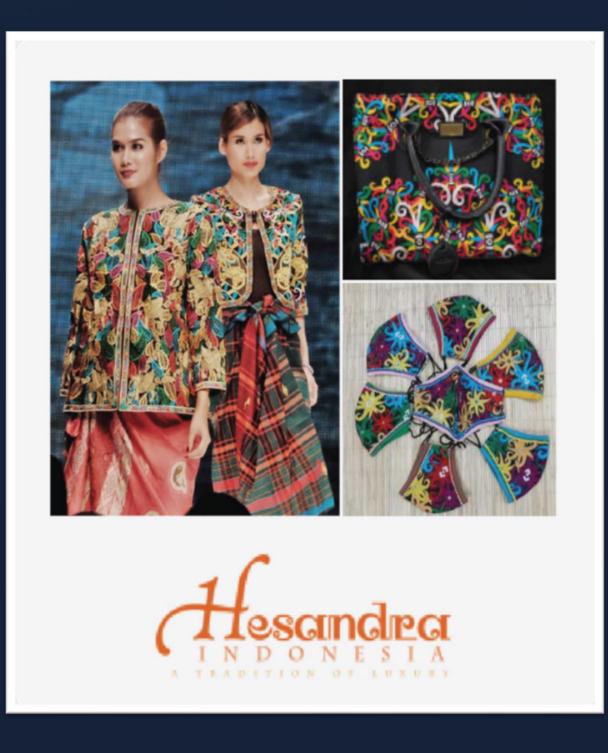
CV. Azra Sentosa Jaya

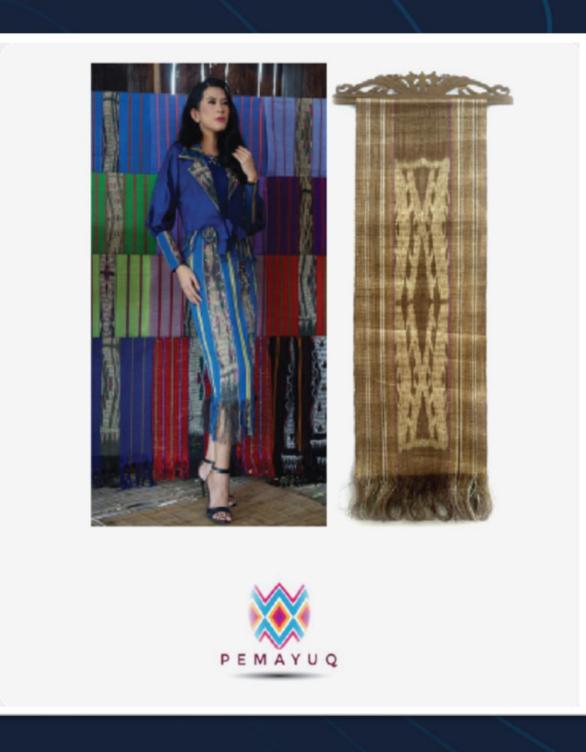
Crab meat snack

- ★ Kampoengtimoer@gmail.com
- **\$\&\ +62 81 348 601 451**
- @kampoengtimoer.id

Exporting SMEs: Fashion









Manika Kaltim

Manik (Traditional beads) Handicrafts: bags, Accessories, Home Decor

- ⊠ manikakaltim@gmail.com
- » +62 8524 6959 395
- @manika_kaltim

Hesandra Indonesia

Kalimantan Batik Clothing, Bags & Accessories

- □ business@hesandra.com
- s +62 87 810 628 391
- @hesandra_indonesia

Pemayuq By Pokant Takaq

Traditional ulap Doyo (Dayak Art) Woven Fabric

- - +62 85 246 949 403
 - @doyomunaq1

Bahalap Handicraft

Handmade beaded necklace and bracelets using native borneo gems bahalaphandicraft@gmail.com

+62 82 154 204 849

@bahalap_handicraft_

Exporting SMEs: Other Products







CV. Multi Sarana Jaya

Dried Euchema Cottonii

⊠ info@multisaranajaya.com

\$\&\ +6281 255 055 38

www.multisaranajaya.co.id

King Madu Borneo

Yellow Honey and Black Honey

⊠ kingmaduborneo@gmail.com

% +62 852 5700 1434

CV. Perintis Mitra Mandiri Sukses

Coco peat, Coconut fiber, rope, etc.

For more inquiries and investment or trade opportunities, please contact:





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Phone: +62 541 732644 Fax: +62 541 741022

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