

# Kalimantan



Strengthening Policy Sinergy to Maintain Stability Recovery amid Lower Global Growth and Heightened Uncertainty in East Kalimantan

## June 2024



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# Foreword

East Kalimantan is one of Indonesia's most attractive regions for both local and foreign investment with a resource boom in the early 21st century. Coal and gold mining as well as the oil and natural gas extraction with oil refineries increased the local economy. Not limited to being wealthy of natural resources, East Kalimantan is a very dynamic, socially rich and diverse region collaboratively establishing East Kalimantan's social structure and foundation of economy. East Kalimantan is concern to develop sustainableecological friendly to ensure the economy running high and provide prosperity to its people by building new industries, diversifying into productive sectors such as tourism and trade. The efforts need a lot of fund resources from investment and exports.

To pursue the noble purpose above and maintain good business climate as well as positive perception towards East Kalimantan, **Regional Investor Relation Unit or RIRU** was established in 2015 as an engine of collaboration between Regional Government (Province and 10 Districts) and Bank Indonesia together with stakeholders. RIRU will take a role in integrating East Kalimantan resources and power to encourage Investment, Trade, Tourism and Industry sectors' performance and reinforce regional competitiveness globally, therefore achieve a high and inclusive economic growth. RIRU East Kalimantan takes a role as one-stop information center for investors, buyers or tourists who are taking interest to collaborate with East Kalimantan,

This presentation book is a regularly-updated source of information about the recent economic development in Indonesia and East Kalimantan as well as investment opportunities, top tourism destinations and ready-to-offer projects crucial for business decision making. Hopefully, this presentation book could be a reliable source for business society attracted to invest/trade/establish industry in East Kalimantan.



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Indonesia Macroeconomic Performance and Policy Updates

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1,652.33 +2.78%

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8,301.92

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### National Economic Development Indonesia's economic growth remains solid and resilient, supported by domestic demand

• Despite challenging global developments, Indonesia's economic recovery momentum persists, driven by robust domestic demand. • Regain the 5% growth momentum after pandemic, the country's economic performance is poised for further improvement, driven by enhanced growth prospects.

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### **Favourable GDP Growth Compared to Peers<sup>2</sup>**



Source: World Economic Outlook Database – April 2024; \* indicates estimated figure

Amidst increasing global uncertainty, Indonesia's economic performance remains solid and resilient to global spillover. Indonesia's economy grew by 5.11 % (yoy) in the first quarter of 2024 – after recorded a 5.04% (yoy) growth in the fourth quarter of 2023 and 5.05% overall 2023 was driven by higher domestic demand. Sound performance recorded across most of economic sectors, particularly mining and quarrying manufacturing industry, wholesale and retail trade as well as supported by information and communication, financial and insurance services and other service.

Spatially, the highest economic growth was recorded in the regions of Sulawesi-Maluku-Papua (Sulampua), followed by Kalimantan, Bali-Nusa Tenggara (Balinusra), Java, and Sumatra. Robust economic growth is expected to persist in the second quarter of 2024, as reflected in a number of early indicators, such as consumer confidence, income expectations and the Manufacturing Purchasing Managers Index (PMI). Overall, economic growth in 2024 projected to be in the 4.7-5.5% range, supported by domestic demand, particularly consumption ahead of the upcoming general election, and increasing investment, specifically building investment given the ongoing national strategic projects (PSN), including the new capital city (IKN) development

Institutions	GDP growth
2024 Budget	5.2
Bank Indonesia	4.7-5.5
Consensus Forecast (May 2024)	4.9
World Bank (GEP, January 2024)	4.9
IMF (WEO, April 2023)	5.0 EASTKA
ADB (Asian Development Outlook, April 2024)	5.0



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### **Investment Policy Direction 2020 - 2024** Improving investment quality to promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth

Optimizing the use of natural resources and domestic production

Job Creation/Labor Intensive

Improve **Competitiveness and** Market Access

### Improving the Investment Ecosystem:

Changes in the licensing process and expansion of business fields for investment will be a game changer in accelerating investment and opening new jobs.

In principle, all business fields are open to investment, except for business fields that are declared closed for investment or activities that the Central Government can only carry out. Investment value for PMA > IDR 10 billion excluding the value of land and buildings. However, to encourage technologybased startups in the SEZ, the investment value of PMA can be <= IDR 10 billion, excluding the value of land and buildings

Source: Strategic Planning of Ministry of Investment / BKPM (Renstra) 2020-2024

**Environmental and** Social Equality (ESG)

**Increase Productivity** 

Transfer of Knowledge and Technology

**Export Oriented and Import Substitution** 

**Fiscal Incentives** 

**Tax Allowances** 

Tax Holidays

Inv. Allowances

### **Custom Incentives**



### **Improving Global Perception** Indonesia commits to maintain good credit rating scores

hard measures to eradicate corruption in public sector.





#### Source:

Source: World Economic Forum – The Global Competitiveness Report 2019;

- 2. Source: World Bank The Worldwide Governance Indicators 2022 Update;
- 3. Source: Transparency International Corruption Perceptions Index 2022 Report

• It intends to provide better business climate by improving governance quality and abilities to increase competitiveness as well as taking

2. Well maintained indonesia's foreign credit Rating amidist economic recovery





### Bank Indonesia's Policy Mix in 2024 Maintaining stability, reviving sustainable growth



- Focused on achieving the inflation target and maintaining **Rupiah stability** to ensure that global shocks cannot disrupt national economic stability or growth.
- Policy coordination between Bank Indonesia and the **Government will be increased to strengthen external resilience** to global shocks, control inflation and foster sustainable growth.
  - 1. forward-looking, pre-emptive interest rate policy to achieve the inflation target set by the Government at 2,5%±1% in 2024 and 2025.
  - 2. Rupiah stabilization policy to mitigate the impact of global shocks on achieving the inflation target as well as maintaining macroeconomic and financial system stability to support the national economic recovery.
  - 3. A pro-market monetary operations strategy to strengthen the effectiveness of Bank Indonesia policy transmission to financial market and economy, which includes attracting foreign portfolio inflows.
  - 4. Managing capital flows in accordance with international principle to support external economic stability in Indonesia and maintain adequate reserve assets.

- **Pro-Growth Macroprudential Policy** will enhancing the effectiveness of KLM<sup>1</sup> and loosening all the other macroprudential policy instruments to revive bank lending/financing to priority sectors in the economy.
- Maintaining loose liquidity conditions by The direction of payment system policy MPLB<sup>2</sup> the to revive in accordance reducing remains with lending/financing and maintain financial implementation of the Indonesia system stability against the impact of Payment System Blueprint (BSPI) 2025, global spillovers. which is currently being refined and Strengthening the systemic surveillance of extended to 2025-2030.
- loan/financing disbursements and banking industry resilience to maintain financial system stability in close coordination with KSSK<sup>3</sup>.
- Strengthening the coordination of BI macroprudential supervision with OJK's (Financial Services Authority) microprudential supervision to maintain financial sector resilience, including risk mitigation of the global spillovers.



- **Payment system policy in 2024** will remain oriented towards strengthening payment system stability and accelerating the national digital economy and finance to support sustainable economic growth.
- **Pro-growth** money deepening policy maintained in 2024 by creating and maintaining money market international strengthening the transmission effectiveness of the Bank Indonesia policy mix, as well as reviving financing sustainable economic growth.
- Bank Indonesia will continue to expanding and strengthening programs to develop a green and inclusive economy and finance to support sustainable economic growth.
- Also, Bank Indonesia will continue to strengthening its role as a pioneer and a driver of sharia economy and finance as a new source of economic growth and to become a global major player.
  - Macroprudential Liquidity Policy
  - Macroprudential Liquidity Buffer
  - Financial System Stability Committee









### **State Budget Priority Sector in 2024 Focused on 5 major sectors**



### GOALS

**Line Ministries** 

Boost competitiveness and people's well being

Support the economic recovery and structural reforms



- mobility)
- infrastructure
- Equal provision and access to infrastructure and ICT

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• Increase the effectiveness of insurance for maternal health (Jampersal) and make it integrated into JKN program Strengthen the reforms of national

• Continue the efforts to lower the



- Continue to develop the Unified Database (DTKS) and synergizing with other relevant data
- Supoport the social protection reforms
- Support the program of insurance scheme from losing job
- **Develop the scheme of Adaptive Social** Protection



**INFRASTRUCTURE** (IDR422.7 T)

Support the basic service infrastructure Enhance the productivity (connectivity and

• Providing the energy and food



- Improve the food access and coverage
- Increase the productivity and revenue of the farmers and fisherman
- Pengembangan Kawasan Sentra Produksi Pangan (Food Estate)



East Kalimantan Economic Review and Infrastructure Availability



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### EAST KALIMANTAN : A SNAPSHOT



**Primary Natural Resource Producer** 

East Kalimantan has abundant natural resources comprise of coal, palm oil, gas, and forest products which significantly contribute to the national economy.



To enhance commodity economic value and achieve sustainable growth, the government provides incentives and economic zones with adequate infrastructure to encourage openings of downstream business from the region's best commodities and create new line of industry.



### Moving Towards Diverse Economy



### The Indonesia's New Capital City

Appointed to be the location of the country's new capital city megaproject brings optimistic future for the region. The development will open tremendous business opportunity and new market.

Stable Inflation (2024-Q1)

3.03% yoy

Fourth Highest Human Development Index (HDI) in Indonesia (2023)

78.20

Second Highest GRDP Per Capita in Indonesia (2023)\*

### USD 14,143.51

Largest Economy In Kalimantan (2024-Q1)

48.12% of Kalimantan Economy





# EAST KALIMANTAN ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

### Statistic East Kalimantan

CAPITAL CITY: SAMARINDA CITY **REGENCIES/CITIES: 10** 

TOTAL AREA: 125,346.92 Km2 POPULATION: 3,766,039

**GRDP GROWTH** (2024-Q1) 7.26 (%yoy) IDR 208.14 Trillion

3.9% of National GDP





East Kalimantan's economy has been relying heavily on unsustainable mining and plantation industries. In pursuit of a more sustainable growth, it is reforming gradually towards manufacturing and its derivatives' industries based on the most competitive commodities available in the region. Tourism plays as an attractive alternative source of income.

EXPORT (2024-Q1) -25,44 (%yoy) US\$ 5.92 Billion 9.53% of National Export



4th in Indonesia

### **COMPARING PROVINCIAL GRDP**







### East Kalimantan's Strategic Development Priorities



Based on East Kalimantan Provincial Government Work Plan for 2025, the goal is to optimize economic diversification, supported by improved regional infrastructure and competitive human resources through 8 (eight) regional development priorities. Acceler growth of r gas (OG) a coal secto on down indus



Providin access for needs expanding economy ac vulnerable

Source: Regional Planning Agency of East Kalimantan Provincial Government

rating non-oil & and non- r, mainly stream stry	<text></text>	Enhancing health quality by improving the access to medical services	Providing bet regional infrastructure support the development economy and b services fulfillr
ng the or basic s and g social- access for e people	Improving the sustainability of living- environment	<text></text>	Strengthening capacity of th NCC's bordering regions

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### **Economic Policy Direction**

The Provincial Government of East Kalimantan aims to accelerate economic recovery on three main focuses including Maintaining Stability of Economic Growth at 6%, Achieving Economic Growth of Non-OG & Non-Coal Sector at 9,5-10%, Encouraging Economic Inclusiveness



- 1. Maintaining and improving the regional investment as NCC economic superhub.
- 2. Controlling inflation rate to maintain purchasing power.
- 3. Improving government spending quality through increasing public spending.
- 4. Increasing interregional net-export trade in non-mining commodities.

### TO ACHIEVE ECONOMIC GROWTH OF NON-OG AND NON-COAL SECTOR AT 9,5-10%

- Strengthening the performance of manufacturing industry, by encouraging productivity for existing industries and encouraging the entry of new industries.
- 2. Increasing the productivity of agricultural production through intensification of food, horticulture, farming, fisheries, and the extensification of plantations.
- 3. Promoting construction, trade, transportation, F&B, and tourism sectors by capturing opportunities from the presence of the NCC.
- 4. Enhancing the infrastructure that supports economic activities.

### **ECONOMIC INCLUSIVENESS**

Increasing the economic growth impact on all levels of society, through increasing community access to local economic activities, increasing the value for superior products, encouraging the growth of labor-intensive sectors, and preparing competent human resources to compete in the labor market.







# The New Capital City (IKN) Areal Planning

Area-based Distribution for Economic and Industrial Sectors in IKN and the surrounding areas





- R&D and Innovation Center for
- Ecotourism, City Tourism, MICE Tourism, Medical and Wellness
- Integrated Pharmaceutical



### Kariangau Industrial Estate\*

- . Chemical materials: Petrochemical
- Sustainable Manufacturing: Solar PV and E2W
- Integrated Pharmaceuticals: Generic API and Biosimilars



### Buluminung Industrial Estate \*

- Sustainable Industrial Agriculture: Plant Based Protein, Herbal Extract, Herbal Products and Nutritionals
- · Base Chemicals and Chemical Products: Oleochemical



Samarinda Low carbon energy sector : sustainable mining and coal gasification.



Balikpapan

- Low Carbon Energy
- Integrated Pharmaceuticals: Generic API and Biosimilars





### The Progress of New Capital City "Nusantara" 1 KN ibu kota negara Development

As of the first quarter of 2024, infrastructure development of the New National Capital City project (IKN) is still on going. The fastest progress has been driven by the development of Water Resources. Meanwhile, in the housing sector, massive construction will be carried out after the completion of the construction of other sectors, especially land/roads. The construction of presidential palace area is accelerated, with the completion target in August 2024. Furthermore, the construction of VVIP airports in IKN is accelerated. Until March 2024, there were 43 IKN physical packages that were contracted.

#### The Development of VVIP Airport



Presidential Regulation Number. 31 of 2023 6 June 2023 concerning the Acceleration of Development and Operation of VVIP IKN Airport

- Terminal area: 7,350 m<sup>2</sup>

- Airport area: 347 hectare
- Runway: 3.000 x 45 m
- Runway strip: 280 m
- Can be accommodated by large-body aircrafts

Completion target: August 2024

#### **The Development of IKN Tender Projects**



Construction The Ministry of Public Works and Public Housing (PUPR) noted that until March 2024, there were 43 IKN physical packages that had been contracted.

#### IMPACT OF IKN RELOCATION ON REGIONAL-NATIONAL ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE AND EMPLOYMENT



#### BI Study: Impact on Economic Performance

The simulation results of the Computable General Equilibrium (CGE) model show that in all scenarios, the economic performance of all islands except Java experiences improvement compared to the baseline. Cumulatively, the more extensive the relocation of the National Digital Economy (IKN) is carried out, the potential for higher national economic growth compared to the baseline growth.

### The development of the Nusantara in 2024 continues and become even more massive.

### **UPDATE ON DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS & PLANS FOR SUPPORTING ICT INFRASTRUCTURE**



Balang Island Bridge (Short Side)



Financing Resource 100% APBN

Physical Progress 76,30% APBN

#### Toll Road for IKN access



Project value Rp 11 T

Financing Resource KPBU (PPP)

Completion Target 2024

#### **Presidential Palace Area**

(S)



Physical Progress 62.83%

Presidential Palace & Ceremony Field

**President Office** 



State Secretariat Building



**Civil Servant Flat** 











Completio

2024









Sepaku – Semoi Dam



- The dam will later serve the water treatment installation in the core area of central government (KIPP) and also Balikpapan City. Apart from that, the dam is also used to control floods, especially in downstream areas.
- The dam has a total volume capacity of 16.17 million m<sup>3</sup> with a length of 450 meters and a dam height of 25 meters.
- Sepaku-Semoi Dam is projected to become a source of electricity using floating solar power plants with a capacity of 100 megawatts (MW)



















Progress







## The New Capital City (IKN) Project Nusantara as Center of Economy 2045



# NUSANTARA



### 3 Zones of NCC

Zone	Land size (ha)	Population Target by 2045 (People)	Development
Central Government Area	6,856	±280,000 – 300,000	<ul> <li>Ease of accessibility.</li> <li>Sustainable design.</li> <li>82,000 – 100,000 residential units, with estimated occupancy ratio of 3.4 people per residential unit.</li> </ul>
New Capital City Area	56,181	1,700,000 –	<ul> <li>Support the concept of "10 minutes walking" and social connectivity.</li> <li>Designed in harmony with nature with a minimum of 50% green space.</li> </ul>
New Capital City Expansion Area	256,142	1,900,000	<ul> <li>75% of the area will be planned to be a green open space, of which 65% is a protected area and 10% is for food production.</li> <li>Developed with 100% clean energy.</li> </ul>



#### Presidential Palace Area



### Ceremonial Plaza



### Basic Design of IKN Landscape





# INFLATION RATE

The inflation rate of East Kalimantan in the first quarter of 2024 was recorded at 3.03% (yoy), which is lower than the previous year's rate of 5.24% (yoy). In addition, the inflation rate of East Kalimantan was slightly lower than the national inflation rate of 3.05% (yoy).



To maintain inflation stability, the Regional Inflation Control Team (TPID) in East Kalimantan, along with all stakeholders, continues to work collaboratively in creating and implementing programs to control inflation and ensure price stability and affordability. At the national level, various efforts are also being optimized through the National Food Inflation Control Movement (GNPIP) program to anticipate the increase in food prices.

### **PERIODICAL INFLATION RATE (2024-Q1)**

**3.03** Quarterly Inflation Rate (%yoy)

**0.34** Monthly Inflation Rate (%mtm)  $\checkmark$ 

Higher than previous year period V Lower than previous year period







# **BANKING SECTOR PERFORMANCE**

The performance of the banking sector remained stable in 2024-Q1, as evidenced by the low NPL ratios level. The loan growth rate was recorded at 9.52% (yoy) based on project location, while the third-party funds recorded at 6.09% (yoy). Additionally, the assets grew by 5.79% (yoy). Moreover, the Mining sector accounted for 21.94% of the total loans, followed by the Agriculture and Forestry sector accounted for 18.84% and other sectors at 23.09% of the total loans.





Asset Growth % yoy **IDR** Trillion 250 30,00 25,00 200 20,00 150 15,00 10,00 5.00 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2019 Assets Growth (rhs)













# International Trade Performance

The net export value of East Kalimantan in 2024-Q1 has increased compared to previous quarter. Non-oil and gas (O&G) commodities, including minerals and coal, accounted for 80.48% of the total export value, followed by animals or vegetable fats/oils, and fertilizers & inorganic chemicals.



With a net export value estimated at USD 4.91 billion in 2024-Q1, East Kalimantan is still exhibiting a promising trend. On the other hand, the top buyers of East Kalimantan's exports were primarily from China (33.48%), India (17.33%), and Philippines (8.22%).



## Connectivity

Providing good infrastructure to support connectivity is the main development agenda of central and provincial governments. Connectivity in East Kalimantan is gradually improved and more connected between regions with Kalimantan's first toll road and continuous preservation projects by Government. In addition, Kariangau international cargo terminal and APT Pranoto international airport are already supporting the access of intra and inter region. Thus, business costs are decreasing, more competitive and the global market has become more accessible.



Source: Transportation Service Agency & Public Works and Housing Agency of East Kalimantan Provincial Government

# AIR SEA **Balikpapan – SAMS International** Palaran (Samarinda) International Airport - Operational Cargo - Operational Karingau (Balikpapan) International Samarinda – APT Pranoto International **Airport - Operational** Cargo - Operational **Maratua Island Domestic Airport SEZ MBTK** – International Airport

Operational



Commissioning Test (Done)



# HUMAN CAPITAL AND MINIMUM WAGE

### MINIMUM WAGE RATE

The average of minimum wage in East Kalimantan in 2024 is IDR 3.360.858 (USD 204.50). This is more competitive compared to other industrial regions such as Jakarta (IDR 5.067.381 or USD 323.69) and Karawang Regency in West Java (IDR 5.257.834 or USD 335.86).

#### Minimum Wage Rate



\*USD/IDR Exchange Rate per February 28th , 2024: USD 1 = Rp15,655 Source: Department of Manpower and Transmigration of East Kalimantan Provincial Government And Governor Decree No.100.3.3.2/K.814/2023

2000



Universities

### 

HUMAN RESOURCE

54 Higher Education Institutions



11 Universities



6 Polytechnic



20,188 Graduates in 2022

### Vocational High School (SMK)



218 Vocational High School (SMK)



4,754 Graduates n 2022

Source: Ministry of Education, Culture, Research and Technology

Investment in East Kalimantan





# EAST KALIMANTAN INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The capital inflow in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in 2024-Q1 was valued at USD 320.52 million, which is higher than the same period last year by 16.79% (yoy). The majority of FDI has been invested in Kutai Kartanegara Regency with a value of USD 115.22 million. Meanwhile, Domestic Direct Investment (DDI) was recorded at IDR 11.92 trillion, representing a growth of 4.99% (yoy) from the same period of previous year, with the majority of DDI invested in Balikpapan City with a value of IDR 4.38 trillion.



Source: Ministry of Investment & DPMPTSP East Kalimantan Provincial Government

### FDI GROWTH 2018 - 2024-Q1



FDI

\_\_\_\_g.FDI (rhs)

- Balikpapan City
- Kutai Kartanegara DDI GROWTH 2018 2024-Q1 Regency
- East Kutai Regency
- West Kutai Regency
- Other Cities/Regencies







# East Kalimantan Investment Realization

In 2024-Q1, majority of foreign investment to East Kalimantan was directed towards Mining Sector and Food Industry Sector. In addition, majority of domestic investment to East Kalimantan was directed towards Based Chemical, Chemical Product, and Pharmaceutical Industry Sector and Food Industry Sector. In 2024-Q1, FDI projects in East Kalimantan was 683 projects, absorbing 2,945 workers in total. The main country of origin for FDI was China, accounting for 30.76% of the total, followed by Singapore with 18.70%. On the other hand, East Kalimantan's DDI had 5,066 projects that employed a total of 20,281 workers.

Rank	Country of Origin	Investment Value (Share in Total FDI F
1	China	USD 98.58 Million (30.76%)
2	Singapore	USD 59.94 Million (18.70%)
3	Malaysia	USD 41.00 Million (12.79%)
4	South Korea	USD 30.13 Million (9.40%)
5	France	USD 26.19 Million (8.17%)

### TOP 5 FDI REALIZATION BY COUNTRIES IN 2024-Q1

Total FDI Realization	Number of FDI Projects	Labor Absorption
USD 320.52 million (2024-Q1)	683 Projects (2024-Q1)	2,945 Worker 20,281 Worker

*Source: Ministry of Investment & DPMPTSP East Kalimantan Provincial Government* 



on

rs (FDI) ers (DDI)

### TOP 5 : FDI REALIZATION BY SECTOR



### TOP 5 : DDI REALIZATION BY SECTOR



#### Food Industry

- Mining
- Non-Metal Mineral Industry
- Food Crops, Plantation and Livestock
- Based Chemical, Chemical Product and Pharmaceutical Industry
- Transportation, Warehousing, and Communication
- Other Sectors

- Based Chemical, Chemical Product and Pharmaceutical Industry
- Food Industry
- Food Crops, Plantation and Livestock
- Transportation, Warehousing, and Communication
- Trade and Repair
- Other Sectors





## **Improving Investment Climate : Online Single Submission (OSS) System**

OSS is a web-based business licensing system intended to cut the red tape involved in obtaining business permits and integrated between the central government and regional administrations



### The Advantage of Using OSS

Business licences can be secured in under an hour



Standardized business licences are available





More practical

Accessible at anytime & anywhere



The whole licensing process is monitored by the Task Force





# **Online Single Submission - Risk Based Approach (OSS-RBA)**

### An integrated online system with data sharing : flowchart

Services given by OSS-RBA to investors/businesses are based on 2 groups : small and micro businesses (SMEs) and non-SME. The required licenses will depend on business scale and risk level of the business.



sk	Medium-High Risk	High Risk
'n	Business Identification Number (NIB) Standard Certificate (Verified by Ministry / Gov. Institution / Regional Government)	Business Identification Number (NIB) Licenses (approved by Ministry / Gov.Institution / Regional Government) Standard Certificate If Necessary





## **Investment Incentives**

Incentives to Boos	st Industry S	ector		Tax Holiday	Mini Tax Holiday
<b>BUSINESS EXPANSION</b> • Tax Allowance	INDUSTRIAL ZONE • VAT exemption	FREE TRADES ZONES & PORTS	Subject	An investment in pioneer industry with a minimum value of IDR 500 bn	An investment in pioneer industry with value between IDR 100 – 500 bn
<ul> <li>Exemption or relief of import duty on capital goods, machinery or equipment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Import duty exemption</li> <li>Tax Allowance and Tax Upliday</li> </ul>	Exemption of : Import duty, VAT, Luxury Goods Sales Tax (PPnBM),	CTI Reduction	100% Reduction Rate (single rate)	50% Reduction Rate (single rate)
<ul> <li>Exemption or relief of import duty on raw materials or auxiliary material</li> </ul>	and Tax Holiday	Customs Duty	Concession Period	5 Years 7 Years 10 Years 10 Years 15 Years 15 Years 10 R 15 Trillion 10 R 15 Trillion 10 R 15 Trillion 10 R 15 Trillion 10 R 10 R	5 Years
<ul> <li>Exemption or suspen- sion of VAT on the import of capital goods or machinery or equip- ment Depreciation or</li> </ul>	MICRO, SMALL, MEDIUM ENTERPRISES	PIONEER INDUSTRY		20 Years Trillion IDR > 30 Trillion 50% CIT Reduction for the next 2	25% CIT Reduction for the next 2 years
<ul><li>ment Depreciation or amortization</li><li>Property tax relief</li></ul>	Decreasing MSMEs Tax from	Tax Holiday of Corporate Income	Transition	years	25% CTT REDUCTION THE HEAT 2 years
<ul> <li>Combine with Online Single Submission (OSS)</li> </ul>	1% to 0.5% of gross revenue			d. Basic inorganic chemical ; e. Organic-k agricultural products, & plantations ; f. Ra g. Manufacture of irradiated, electromed	aw material for pharmaceutical industry ; ical or electrotherapy equipment ;
<ul> <li>SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE</li> <li>No collection of VAT &amp; luxury goods sales tax</li> </ul>		n customs areas for SEs		h. Manufacture of main components of e i. Manufacture of machinery and major c component manufacturing industry that	omponents of machinery ; j. Robotics t supports machinery industry ;
<ul> <li>Customs tax exemption</li> </ul>	•	he market place will be 0.5% income tax	Industry Group		major components of motorised vehicles ;
<ul> <li>Tax Allowance and Tax Holida</li> <li>Suspension of Import Duty</li> </ul>	Non-sma	l entrepreneurs/SE: to		m. Shipyard ; n. Train and railways manuf components of aircraft and supporting a	
<ul> <li>Suspension of Import Duty</li> <li>0% Import Duty</li> </ul>	0.5% inco	ne tax and 1% VAT		p. Agriculture, plantation, or forestry-base infrastructure; r. Digital economy which i activities related to it.	

### TAX HOLIDAY (MoF Regulation No.13/PMK.010/2021)





### **Investment Incentives** Apply on OSS portal: https://oss.go.id/

### Tax Allowance

(Govt. regulation No. 78/2019 - MOF Regulation No. 96/2021)



Investment values, Export-oriented products Manpower absorption, Local content Project location (particularly outside Java)

### Super Deductible Tax (MoF Regulation No.45 of 2019)

	ON VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	ON R&D	INVESTMENT ALLOWANCE ON LABOR INTENSIVE INDUSTRY
Subject	Corporate taxpayers who provide work practices, internships, and apprenticeships	Corporate taxpayers who carry out certain Research and Development (R&D) activities in Indonesia	Corporate taxpayers who set up a labor intensive industry in Indonesia
Industry Group	Manufacturing, Automotive, Furniture, Shipping, Textile & Garments, Industrial Logistics	The R&D activities to produce new inventions, innovations, new technologies and/or technology transfer to develop competitiveness of national industries	Labor intensive industry (to be elaborated) who has not obtained any fiscal facility from government
Income Tax Reduction Rate	200% REDUCTION RATE, COMPRISE OF: Deduction of gross income tax valued 100% of total expenses for physical lab facilities / workshops, goods and materials used in work practices / apprenticeships, and teaching instructor fees and honorarium or the other like. Additional 100% deduction amounts to the previous point.	300% REDUCTION RATE, COMPRISE OF :RPMKSTAGESRPMKREAL COST100%ADDITIONAL100%Commercialisasion100%Registration Of Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) In The Form Of Patents Or Plant Variety Protection Rights (PVT) In The Country50%Registration of IPR abroad / Product Innovation25%Collaboration with goverment 25% / private R&D Institutions50%	Deduction of net income tax valued 60% of total investment for fixed assets including land used for main industrial activities.
Period	The cost of building/physical facilities is charged according to the useful life of the fixed assets. For other fees, it is charged in the year concerned so long as the additional deduction for the net income does not cause a fiscal loss.	Additional deductions from net income are charged for 5 years since the results of R&D are used. When taxpayers have intellectual property as a result of the relevant R&D	The deduction of fixed asset including land used for main industrial activities; charged in certain period.







### Investment Incentives From Regional Government

### REGIONAL REGULATION NO. 6/2015 INCENTIVE ADMISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN THE REGION



Incentives:

- ✓ Reduction, relief or release of regional tax
- ✓ Reduction, relief or release of regional retribution
- ✓ Facilitation of capital inclusion and/or
- ✓ Loan interest subsidies in regional bank

Facilities:

- Provision of data and information of capital investment in potential sector and partnership opportunity
- Provision of facilities and infrastructure
   Provision of land or location
- Provision of technical supports; and/or Acceleration of permission provision

#### GOVERNOR REGULATION NO. 53/2019 INCENTIVE ADMISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT IN MALOY BATUTA TRANS KALIMANTAN SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE (KEK MBTK)



- ✓ Incentives of reduction, relief or release of taxes, such as:
  - Vehicle tax (PKB)
  - Vehicle transfer tax (BBN-KB)
  - Surface water tax (PAP)
- ✓ Reduction incentive is given max. 50% of tax principal payable and administrative sanction being determined
- The reliefs for PKB, BBN-KB and PAP are given for max.
   5 months since tax principal payable and administrative sanction being determined.
- ✓ PKB relief is given to vehicles used for operation in SEZ MBTK
- Incentives are given max. 5 years after business entity starts operationally and commercially in KEK BMTK Facilitation such as:
  - Provision of data and information
  - Provision of facilities and infrastructure
  - Provision of land or location
  - Provision of technical supports; and/or Acceleration of permission provision





### **Investment Incentives From Regional Government**

#### BALIKPAPAN CITY - REGIONAL REGULATION NO. 11/2015 INCENTIVE ADMISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT



- ✓ Incentives is given to investors who conduct businesses in government prioritized area and/or strategic program.
- ✓ Reduction, relief or release of regional tax
- ✓ Type of Facilities:
  - Provision of data and information
  - Provision of facilities and infrastructure
  - Provision of land or location
  - Provision of technical supports; and/or
  - Acceleration of permission provision

#### WEST KUTAI REGENCY – REGIONAL REGULATION NO. 16/2015 INCENTIVE ADMISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT



- $\checkmark$  Incentives:
  - Reduction, relief or release of regional tax
  - Reduction, relief or release of regional retribution
  - Provision of stimulant fund
  - Provision of other capital assistant and incentives
- ✓ Type of Facilities:
  - Provision of data and information
  - Provision of facilities and infrastructure
  - Provision of land or location
  - Provision of technical supports; and/or
  - Acceleration of permission provision

#### BONTANG CITY - REGIONAL REGULATION NO. 1/2017 INCENTIVE ADMISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT



#### ✓ Incentives:

- Reduction, relief or release of regional tax
- Reduction, relief or release of regional retribution
- ✓ Type of Facilities:
  - Provision of data and information
  - Provision of land or location
  - Provision of technical supports; and/or
  - Acceleration of permission provision

#### EAST KUTAI REGENCY – REGIONAL REGULATION NO. 2/2019 INCENTIVE ADMISTRATION AND FACILITATION OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT



#### ✓ Incentives:

- Reduction, relief or release of regional tax
- Reduction, relief or release of regional retribution
- Provision of stimulant fund
- Provision of capital assistant
- ✓ Type of facilities:
  - Provision of data and information
  - Provision of facilities, infrastructure and ;land or location
  - Provision of technical supports;, acceleration of permission provision
  - Provision of training for small-medium investors
  - Provision of investment promotion and capital opportunity



# Chapters

Trade, Tourism, Industry and Investment Opportunities in East Kalimantan A L I M A N T A N

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O P P O R T U N I T I E S





### Investment In **Energy and Mining Sector**

East Kalimantan is one of Indonesia biggest energy powerhouse blessed with rich earth resources from mineral fuels (coal, oil, natural gas, coal-bed methane/CBM), minerals (metal and non-metal) to NRE alternatives (water, bioenergy and solar). East Kalimantan is looking for investors and entrepreneurs to establish industries in converting the commodities into high-value products.

### Opportunities



Coal Gasification		Hyd Plan
Glass Industry		Sme
Primary chem	nicals (Oil d	& Gas or

Methanol, Hydrogen, Syngas

**Bioenergy Power Plant Bioethanol, Biodiesel and Biomass** 

Derivative chemicals Olefins, Acetic Acid, Ammonia, Urea, etc.



Derivative chemicals

Waste-to-energy POME-based Bioenergy Biogas facility (i.e. covered lagoon), Microalgae lipid





Solar Farm (SF) Rooftop SF, Coal mine void SF, Solar panel production facility

Source: Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources (KESDM), Nuclear Power Agency (BATAN) DESDM East Kalimantan, State Electricity Enterprise (PLN)

oelectric

ter



oal-based)









### Investment In **Plantation Sector**

Plantation sector is one of the main sectors that drives East Kalimantan economy. In 2023, it accounted for 4.94% of the GRDP excluding CPO industry. The government pushes plantation and its derivatives industry to substitute mining and extraction sector as the biggest economic contributor due to its renewable sources. East Kalimantan is encouraging businesses to adopt and comply to sustainable practices (ISPO, RSPO standards) to protect environment and ecology.



#### $| \leftrightarrow \rangle$ 3.2 million hectares

Dedicated plantation area based on spatial plan.

### Productivity

Commodity	Land Area (Hectares)
Palm oil	1.317.613
Rubber	121.690
Сосоа	7.813
Coconut	20.144
Pepper	8.161
Coffee	1.395
Others	2.518



### 739 thousand hectares

Available plantation area for new license.

	Productivity (kg/Ha)
Others; 348,29	
Cocoa; 328,43	
Pepper; 622,47	
offee; L8,28	
Coconut; 357,48	

Rubber;

509,34







Crude Palm

Oil; 10359,21

Source: Department of Plantation East Kalimantan Provincial Government
# **Forestry and Environmental Sector**

East Kalimantan's economy was once dominated by Forestry sector in the 20th century then replaced by natural gas and coal presently. The activities before was dominated by logging and timber industry. In order to make forest industry more sustainable yet give substantial income, the province has adopted and developed a long-term phased green economy strategy to optimize forest economy potential. One of them is by carbon trading in exchange of performing several GHG emission reduction programs. East Kalimantan was the first to be approved to receive performance-based Forest Carbon Partnership Facility – Carbon Fund (FCPF-CF) valued at US\$ 110 millions for 2021-2024.

Ministry of Environment and Forestry prepared forest/green economy to be once again the backbone of Indonesia's Economy. The future of forest utilization will focus on the multi-business forestry that optimizes Non-Timber Forest Products (HHBK/NTFPs) and Environmental Services. More land-based investment and green development are offered by East Kalimantan to supplement the economy.



#### Fop Commodity

#### License for activities for forest utilization



#### Social Forestry

A sustainable forest management system in particular forest land that involves rural and indigenous people to improve livelihoods and climate actions.

Social Forestry model in Indonesia			
Model	Form	Period	Target Group
Community Forestry (HKm)	Permit	35 years	Forest user group
Village Forest (HD)	Permit	35 years	Village
Community Plantation Forest (HTR)	Permit	35 years	Community business group
Partnership (Kemitraan)	Agreement	Variable	Forest user group near forest enterprise
Customary Forest (HA)	Recognition	No time limit	Indigenous community

#### Benefits for investors, corporates and communities

- Increased biodiversity
- Carbon credit certification
- Sustainable NTFPs
- Sustainable wood products
- Increased growth and profitability
- Improved business resilience by reducing Supply & Demand,
- regulatory and capital risks
- Increase customer trust
- Improved talent attraction and retention

### Opportunity

#### Non-Timber Forest Products (NTFPs)

Traditional medicinal herbs, pine/ rubber sap, honey, sago palm, rice, corn, coconut, timber skin, rattan, and other food/raw materials.



#### Wood Processing Industries

Pulp and paper, construction materials, tall oils, timber, wood chips, cellulose and other fabricated material.



#### **Carbon Reduction Program**

Forest and land-use management as emission reduction program / Carbon credit.



#### Municipal Waste Management

Waste processing facility, Medical waste handling facility, Household collection infrastructure and management.





Chapters 🧲

### Investment In **Fishery and Maritime Sector**

In terms of maritime and fishery sector, East Kalimantan is one of the provinces with greatest potential both capture and aquaculture fisheries. East Kalimantan is located in the side of Makassar strait that plays a role as the rendezvous point for marine populations from Pacific Ocean and Indian Ocean as well as maritime silk road route. In addition, 920-km long Mahakam river is playing a significant role for East Kalimantan people as the source of water as well as source of income for fishermen and aquaculture businesses.

For the last 3 years, fishery and maritime sector had upward contribution to the province's GRDP. There are plenty of business opportunities especially exportoriented business in the maritime and fishery sector in East Kalimantan, such as land-based aquaculture, tuna processing facility, cold storage, prawn aquaculture and many more. On the other hand, East Kalimantan Province also provides incentives for the marine and fisheries sector through a funding program called the Forest Carbon Partnership Facility-Carbon Fund.

Commodity (Aquaculture)	Production in 2023 (tons)	Forest Cabon Partnership Facility Carbon Fund (FCPF-CF)
Seaweed (Gracilaria verrucosa)	54.247	
Parrot fish (Oreochromis niloticus)	39.221	Indonesia has signed an Emission
Eurasian Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	15.599	Reduction Payment Agreement (ERPA)
Milkfish (Chanos chanos)	14.590	with the World Bank on 25 November 2020
Whiteleg shrimp	17.573	The payment agreement provides potentia
Iridescent shark	12.346	incentives for Indonesia, especially East
(Pangasius Pangasius)		Kalimantan Province, to obtain up to <b>US\$</b>
Giant tiger prawn	12.621	110 million from the Carbon Fund as an
(Penaeus monodon)		incentive to reduce 22 million tons of
Snakehead murrel (Channa striata)	12.346	carbon emissions in East Kalimantan in th
Seaweed (Eucheuma cottonii)	7.070	period of June 2019 to 2024.
Giant mud crab (Scylla serrata)	9.722	
Spiny lobster (Panulirus argus)	34	

#### Top Commodity

Incentives



Aquaculture

Bontang (Epinephelus); Berau (Traditional, Floating net); Berau (Giant tiger prawn) nursery)

Opportunity

Industry

Muara Jawa

(Kutai Kartanegara),

Penajam Paser Utara

Integrated Seaweed



Indian Ocean

Trading route to Australia, Africa, India, Middle eastern nations to Mediterranean nations.

Tanjung tengah (Giant tiger prawn

Pacific Ocean Trading route to Asia Pacific nations



37.6 million hectares Oceanic area

3,925 km Coastline length

2.75 million hectares Exclusive Economic Zone

US\$ 36 million 2022 Target for F&M Export Value

Source: Department of Maritime and Fishery East Kalimantan

> Freezer and Ice Factory

Bontang (Tuna, Mackarel, Skipjack)



### Food Industry

Samarinda, Balikpapan, Bontang (Fish chips, shredded, Fish cake, Frozen meatball)



**Fish Processing** Industry Bontang

Land-based

Aquaculture

Bontang

(Salmon)

(Tuna, Mackerel, Skipjack)



### Investment In Chapters 🭊 **Tourism & Creative Economy Sector**

East Kalimantan is more than mining and energy industry. It has some cultural and natural tourist's charms captivating the heart of local and international travellers. In East Kalimantan, tourist will find acres of lush jungles full of exotic flora and fauna; fine white sand beaches; diving wonders; and rich culture and hospitable people. Creative economy like arts, design and media are thriving pretty rapidly making more contribution to East Kalimantan's economy.

### East Kalimantan Tourism Area









@paradiseoftheeast @kaltim.kreatif

Paradise Of The East

### Opportunity

Ecolodge Accommodation New Capital City. Teluk Sumbang, Kaniungan Island



#### Tourism Boat: Houseboat (3 or 4 stars facility)

Mahakam river cruise : Samarinda – Tenggarong Muara Muntai



Water Transportation -Water buses / Executive speedboat

Tanjung Redep (Berau) -Derawan Archipelago, Maratua Island, Kaniungan Island/ Teluk Sumbang

#### **Tourism Spot** Management

Kumala Island (Themepark)





#### Thematic **Recreational Park**

**New Capital City** 



#### **Tourism Boat : Public Transport**

Accommodation

Beaches across East Kalimantan,

Teluk Sumbang, Kaniungan Island,

Glamping

Muara Badak beach

Mahakam river cruise : Samarinda (city tour), lake cruise in Semayang /Melintang / Jempang lakes.



#### **Thematic Restaurant**

New Capital City, Maratua Island. Samarinda, Balikpapan Tanjung Redep, Bontang, Sangatta





### Wildlife Ecotourism

The Borneo Orangutan Survival Foundation (BOS), the 2,000 hectare sanctuary was created with the aim of providing a safe haven for rehabilitated orangutans and sun bears, whilst also at the same time providing a source of income for local

The Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat Karst of insects, one giant cockroach, 400 is located in Berau and East Kutai species of flora and 50 species of fish. Districts. The tourists will be greeted Moreover, there is also orangutan habitat in Beriun Mountain as the part of Karst by ancient relics, caves, palms, bones and teeth of ancient creatures. The area. The site has been nominated in the 2004 biological expedition by The UNESCO World Heritage Site since May Conservancy and the 2015 and suggested to be a Geopark in Nature Indonesian Institute of Sciences has April 2017. identified 120 bird species, 200 species

With 2.47 m in diameter and 30 m in height, this particular huge Ulin tree is endemic to Kalimantan Island, also known by locals as Iron Timber due to its durability. Kutai National Park extends over an area of 2,000 km2 and





Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan Samboja Lestari

Bornean orangutan rescue and rehabilitation centre



Berau and East Kutai, East Kalimantan Sangkulirang-<u>Mangkalihat Karst</u>

Karstique area, Nominated geopark



Berau and East Kutai, East Kalimantan Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat Karst

Karstique area, Nominated geopark



### Marine Ecotourism

Labuan Cermin is captivating everyone with its crystal-clear tozca water that reflects everything underwater like a mirror (cermin). The lake is a unique lagoon, it contains both brine and freshwater coming from Karst around the area.

Located near from the mainland of East Kalimantan in the district of Berau, the Derawan archipelago comprises 31 islands. The most well known islands among these are Derawan, Maratua, Sangalaki and Kakaban. Derawan is Indonesia's largest nesting site of the rare and endangered giant green turtles and hawksbill turtles, where people can daily watch turtles lay their eggs in the sand or swim to sea with the turtles. The entire marine conservancy region covers a total area of more than 1.27 million hectares. It is the perfect tropical paradise with warm, isolated islands, soft white sand

East Kalimantan has one of the rarest tourism spots. The stingless jellyfish lake that only exist in this archipelago. Four species of jellyfish cross the waters of Kakaban Lake, but unlike their counterparts beyond the coral





Berau, East Kalimantan Labuan Cermin

Pre-historic cave

beaches fringed with waving palm trees, pristine seas that change color from green to deep blue, and an amazing underwater life of giant turtles, dolphins, manta rays, dugongs and barracudas, stingless jellyfish and sometimes, whales. Here, you can find 460 different species of corals, ranking this area as the second biggest corals species after Raja Ampat Islands in West Papua. The Nature Conservancy and international experts team also found more than 870 species of fish, ranging from tiny pygmy seahorses to giant manta rays.

Berau, East Kalimantan, Derawan Archipelago

Tropical paradise

Berau, Derawan Archipelago, East Kalimantan Kakaban Lake in Kakaban Island

Jellyfish lake



### Ecotourism

Mahakam river is the most important logistic route to transport people, goods and commodities between upstream and downstream area in East Kalimantan. Touring the city through Mahakam River with boat is an exciting experience to do. The tour takes 3 to 5 hours to visit attractive tourism spots around Samarinda and Kutai Kartanegara.

The Middle Mahakam Area (MMA) comprises Jempang, Melintang and Semayang lakes which is located in a geological depression covering an area approximately 4,000 square kilometre. The area has a high biodiversity potential in terms of breeding and migratory bird species. It also hosts the iconic species of East Kalimantan, the critically endangered Irrawaddy Dolphin (Orcaella brevirostris) or called by locals as Pesut, who lives in fresh, brackish and salt water.

Bukit Bangkirai (Bangkirai Hill) is a 1,500-hectare natural tropical located about 58 kilometres Balikpapan. There are Bangkirai trees (Shorea laevis) with 40-50 m in height, 120 bird species and monkeys, 45 kinds of orchids, and etc. Black orchids and other kinds of orchids are endemic to Bukit Bangkirai.







Samarinda and Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan Mahakam River Cruise

**River Tour** 

Not only enjoying the biodiversity offered by the three lakes, tourists can also explore social and cultural life around the lakes. East Kalimantan government provides water transportation to connect the three lakes with Mahakam river so it is more reachable by Mahakam river cruise.

Kutai Kartanegara and West Kutai, East Kalimantan Three Lakes Ecotourism (Semayang, Melintang, Jempang)

Lake ecotourism, Wildlife sightseeing

Visitors can also experience walking along in a 64-metre canopy bridge which connects 5 big bengkirai trees 30 m above the ground.

Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan Bengkirai Hill

Tropical forest tour



### **Cultural Tourism**



The Dayak tribes who mostly live in the traditions while living in this world. upstream area of the Mahakam River, East A culture for Dayak women includes a Kalimantan have rich traditions and belief of beautifying herself. They do it cultures that are still inherent in their daily with tattoos and elongating the ears. lives as a continuation of their ancestral

Erau is an heritage ceremony celebrated by Of Tenggarong anniversary. The festival has the Sultanate of Kutai Kartanegara Ing transformed to be an international event Martadipura, taking place in the city named the Erau International Folk and Art of Tenggarong, Kutai Kartanegara. It was Festival (EIFAF) that highlights Kutai art and initiated by the first King around 12th century culture, as well as art and culture from other as a royal celebration. Even though, the reign regions in Indonesia and other nations. of Kutai Kingdom ended, the tradition is maintained and preserved in commemoration



The wonders of Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat of the hands of ancient inhabitants and Karst are not limited to the imperiled arks of figures of animals. The paintings told the biodiversity, lurking in the limestone caves, history of migration that has shaped human imprint in the form of hundreds Bornean culture, beliefs, and traditions. prehistoric rock paintings. There are imprints

In respecting the mother earth for ancestral attended by 11 villages there. Hudog Pekayang blessing of rich land and abundant agricultural is a form of thanksgiving for planting and results, a dance is performed to the earth and harvesting season. Hudoq means mask, ritual request is presented to the Almighty Pekayang means to visit each other. God, known as Hudoq dance. Every year, the Mahakam Ulu Dayak who live in Long Lunuk Village, Long Pahangai Sub-District, held a Hudoq Pekayang. Festival which must be





Mahakam Ulu and West Kutai, East Kalimantan, Dayak Tribe

Indigenous people of Borneo

Kutai Kartanegara, East Kalimantan Erau Festival

Art and culture festival



Berau and East Kutai, East Kalimantan Sangkulirang-Mangkalihat Rock Art

Prehistoric cave art

Mahakam Ulu, East Kalimantan Hudoq Pekayang Festival

Traditional festival

Chapters 🧲

## Investment Project Ready-to-Offer (IPRO) in East Kalimantan

Opportunity

## 6 Project

## US\$ 2,907 B Est. Investm Value

No.	Project	
	1 Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan	East Kuta
	2 Kaltim Industrial Estate	Bontang
	3 Balikpapan Waste Management	Balikpapa
	4 Palm Oil Downstream Industry of Fatty Acid	Bontang
	5 Loading-Unloading Facility of Penajam Port in Buluminung Industrial State	Penajam
	6 Crumb Rubber Factory	West Kut
	TOTAL POTENTIAL INVESTMENT	

3	0		
n	e	n	t

		A A		······ 8 · · · ·
Location	Sector	Financing Scheme	Total Area (Ha)	Est. Invest. V (US\$ Mic
tai Regency	Agriculture	PPP	509,496	2,3
g City	Warehousing	B2B/Private	, 198,04	
oan City	Utility	PPP	43 (with clear area 4,8 Ha)	
g City	Agriculture	Private	48.50	
n Paser Utara Regency	Transportation	PPP	17.95	
utai Regency	Manufacture	PPP/DBMFO	±10.00	



# Special Economic Zones and Industrial Parks Opportunities in East Kalimantan



## Special Economic Zone Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan

East Kutai Regency

### **Project Description**

- The first Special Economic Zone (SEZ) in Kalimantan Island located in geostrategic Indonesia's ALKI 2 route, built to accelerate the development of palm oil derivatives (olein, stearin, glycerol, methyl ester), wood downstream, and logistic industries in East Kalimantan.
- Existing facilities: power supply by state electricity company (PLN) 30 Megawatt, on-site water management system, management telecommunication infrastructure, office buildings and security service, 11,4km on-complexed road, international seaport, industrial waste treatment plant and solid waste.
- Project owner seeking for tenants and investors to establish plants/factories in the industrial complex.

#### Project Owner

PT. Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan (PT. MBTK) is a Government Owned Enterprise whose share 100% owned by the Government of East Kalimantan. PT. MBTK assigned to manage and develop government asset to enhance regional income which comes from the business in the field of forestry, mining, fisheries, tourism. PT. MBTK located in International Special Economic Zone Maloy Batuta Trans Kalimantan, Kaliorang District, East Kutai **Regency, East Kalimantan Province** 

### Key Investment highlight

Location Kutai Timur, East Kalimantan

**Project Owner** PT. MBTK Kutai Timur, East Kalimantan







**Total Area/Land Status** 509,49 Ha (owned by project owner-No.33SHPL/KEM-ATR/BPN/2018)



**Business Scheme Business to Business** 



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Investment Target IDR 34.31 Billion or US\$ 2.39 Billion (2025)

Yearly Rates (Perbup No.16/2021) IDR 1,750,- per sqm for the first 20 years, Grace periods: 4 years



### Infrastructure

- 🕕 11.4 Km On-complex Road
- 🔟 International Seaport
- Power Supply By State Electricity Company
- (PLN) On-site Water Management System
- 🕐 Industrial Waste Treatment Plant and Solid Waste Management
- Telecommunication Infrastructure
- Office Buildings and Security

#### Service



#### **Contact Person** Muhammad Ade Himawan (CEO)

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Chapters 🧹

## **Kaltim Industrial Estate**

Bontang City

### **Project Description**

Kaltim Industrial Estate or KIE is an industrial area located in Lok Tuan Village, North Bontang District, Bontang City. PT. Pupuk Kaltim which is the owner

of this IP also engaged in procuring industrial land and providing facilities for tenants.

The IP provides competitive rental rate, waste water and water treatment plant with cap. 15.000 m3/month, electricity, steam, N2 gas, office building,

housing complex and natural gas supply & facilities provided by Pertamina Gas.

The IP has 8 jetty with capacity of 2.000-55.000 DWT and Load-Unload Facility makes this IP fully support future tenants.

Industry Specialization: coal based industry (coal to syn gas), CPO based industry (fatty acid, fatty amine, bio diesel), smelter industry (nickel), small & middle industry.

#### **Project Owner**

This industrial area is one with the factory area owned by PT Pupuk Kaltim. This industrial area is managed by PT Kaltim Industrial Estate, a subsidiary of PT Pupuk Kaltim.

**Contact Person** Johan Ardiansyah (Head of Division Business & Marketing) +62 852 5096 9550 kiepmsr002@gmail.com





Location Bontang East Kalimantan

**Project Owner** Kaltim Industrial Estate Bontang, East Kalimantan



Infrastructure

### Key Investment highlight



Total Area/Land Status 198.04 Ha Rates \$6-16.5 sqm/year



Waste Water Treatment Cap. 15.000 m3/month Electricity Cap. 80 MW Nitrogen Cap. 500 Nm3/h (On progress to 1000 Nm3/h Steam Cap. 156 Ton/h Portable Water Cap. 550 m3/h Demin Water Cap. 2x168 m3/h SWRO Cap. 100 m3/h Natural Gas Supply and Facilities at KIE Bontang are provide by PT. Pertamina





**Business Scheme** Business to Business









# Investment Project Ready-to-Offer in East Kalimantan



### **Balikpapan Waste Management Project** Balikpapan City

#### **Project Description**

Balikpapan's waste management initiative is centered on the Manggar Final Waste Management Facility (TPAS Manggar) which spans 43 hectares, divided into 7 landfill zones managed by Balikpapan Environmental Agency. With 4.8 hectares clear area available for development, there is significant potential for the construction of advanced waste processing building. in 2023, TPAS Manggar manages approximately 412.62 tons per day of waste with composition including 40.43% easily degradable waste, 24.53% plastic, 17.63% paper, and others.

Located in the strategic city of Balikpapan, East Kalimantan, TPAS Manggar finds itself in close proximity to Indonesia's forthcoming new capital "Nusantara", this project then serves a rapidly growing population and busting industrial sector. The facility offers several payment mechanism for investors and the local government (LG) of Balikpapan tentatively could pay tipping fee of IDR 150,000-200,000 per ton of waste. This project is planned to enter the bidding process in the fourth quarter of 2024.

The TPAS Manggar site in Balikpapan functions as a controlled open landfill, employing minimal waste processing technology. Recognizing the need for improvement, the Local Government is actively seeking collaborations with investors to explore various waste-to-energy processing technologies. Anaerobic digestion emerges as a promising option, due to its ability to treat mixed waste with minimal pre-sorting requirements and a low reject rate of 10%. The main by-products, electricity and bio-gas are highly marketable and can be sold to households, electricity companies, and for captive power consumption.

### Key Investment highlight

#### Location Balikpapan City East Kalimantan

Project Owner Mayor of Balikpapan Balikpapan City, East Kalimantan





Total Area/Land Status 4,8 Ha clear area allocated for the construction of waste processing facility buildings



Business Scheme Public Private Partnership Scheme



# eme WF

#### Est. Investment Value **\$32,8 Million** Financial Feasibility:

Project IRR: 13%NPV: \$23,3 millionEIRR: 40,60%Land Ava.: 4.8 HaConcession Period: 15 Years including 2 yearsconstruction

#### **Recommended Tech:**

MRF + Anaerobic digestion (AD) (BioCNG) + SLF Energy byproducts: Biogas Digestate -> BIO CNG GHG-reducing value: CH4 - 125 Kg CO2-eq/ton MSW

Existing facility:

Grid-Connected Voltage 53.000 VA Source of Water from underground deep well Leachate treatment facility Weigh bridges & administration building



#### **Project Owner**

Balikpapan Enviromental Bureau is a part of Balikpapan Government which responsible in the formulation of technical policies in the environmental sector, protection of natural resources, cleanliness, control of pollution, and environmental damage.

#### Payment Mechanism

- Availability Payment (AP) based on
- performance Tipping fee
   Rights to sell electricity (PLN) and
   other residues / by-products



#### Contact Person

Nusyamsiarni Larose (Balikpapan Environmental Department Secretary) & +62 812-5069-9475 Nusyamsiarni.larose@balikpapan.go.id



Chapters 🧲

### Palm Oil Downstream Industry of Fatty Acid **Bontang City**

### **Project Description**

- Downstream oil palm agroindustry in the form of fatty acids (KBLI 20115) is one of the derivatives of oleochemicals that has a great opportunity to be developed in Bontang City, East Kalimantan Province, considering that the province has oil palm plantations covering an area of 1,208,697 ha with a production capacity of CPO 3,8 million tons/year.
- Globally, the world's consumption of fatty acid-based products is currently growing at around 7% per year with production capacity that tends to remain constant over the past few years. The Asian demand is 6.6 million tons/year and the European Union is 1.7 million tons/year, but the fullfillment of the fatty acid needs has only reached 4.5 million tons/year, so there is a market opportunity for fatty acids of 3.8 million tons/year.

#### **Project Owner**

This project owned by PT Pupuk Kaltim was located in Kaltim Industrial Estate area and currently being managed by PT Kaltim Industrial Estate, a subsidiary of PT Pupuk Kaltim.

**Project Owner** PT. Pupuk Kaltim

Investment Value \$234 Million





**Contact Person** Johan Ardiansyah <sup>l</sup> ← +62 852 5096 9550 ⊠ kiepmsr002@gmail.com







#### **Incentives:**

Ø :---

- Tax Allowance Indonesian Government Regulation Number 79 of 2019 and
- Regulation of the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia Number 11/PMK.010/2020
- Import Facility Regulation of the Minister of Finance Number 176/PMK.011/2009
- Super Deduction Government Regulation no. 45 of 2019

KBLI Code: 20115	Longitude: 117.485			Project Stag	0
NPV: \$65 Million	Latitude: 0.184	$\bigcirc$			e
IRR: 14,6 %	Land Ava.: 48.5 Ha				
Payback Period: 6 Years 8 Months	WACC : 10.35%		Ready to Offer	On Demand	Under Licensing

- (Head of Division Business & Marketing)









Chapters 🔼

## The Development of Loading-Unloading Facility of Penajam Port in Buluminung Industrial State

Penajam Paser Utara Regency

#### **Project Description**

- Penajam port is already running and profitable. The port is used for loading-unloading of cargo and commodity between Penajam Paser Utara (PPU) and outside region. The project's purpose is to expand the port's services by developing new infrastructure.
- PPU is an important for logistic especially to southern part of East Kalimantan and South Kalimantan, the development of port can ease transport of goods and cut logistical cost.
- The project can serve some companies that have been operating in Buluminung Industrial Estate.
- The project aims to support logistical activities related to the construction of New Capital City in PPU particularly loading-unloading construction materials and staple food.

#### Project Owner

The Buluminung Penajam port is currently managed by Technical Implementation Unit (UPT) on behalf of PPU Government. The port is going to be handed over to government-owned enterprise for future cooperation with Investors.



### Key Investment highlight

Project Owner Government of Penajam Paser Utara Buluminung Industrial Estate, Penajam Paser Utara, East Kalimantan

Investment Target
US\$14.8 Million (2030)



Contact Person Rahmaniah Muchtar (Head of Division, Planning Department) & +62 813-4728-9222 🖾 tatihangin@gmail.com



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Total Area/Land Status 17,95 Ha (Zone A1) Business Scheme Public Private Partnership



Financial Feasibility Concession Period Years IRR 32%, NPV US\$ 32,3 Million, Payback Period: 4.3 years



Chapters 🭊

### **Crumb Rubber Factory**

West Kutai Regency

#### **Project Description**

- The crumb rubber factory project aims to provide price security and bring added-value to West Kutai rubber in farmer level. Currently, rubber is one of the top commodities.
- The investment project offered is the construction of a crumb rubber factory to produce SIR 20/SIR 10 products. The production capacity is 10,000 tons/year or  $\pm$  30 tons/day under the Design, Build, Finance, Maintenance and Operate (DBFMO) scheme.
- The project location is in West Kutai Regency (the second largest regency in East Kalimantan), to be precise at the Sendawar Regional Activity Center (PKW). This land is suitable for the designation of a center of economic and industrial growth in accordance with the Regional Regulation of Kabupaten Kutai Barat No. 32/2013 concerning Spatial and Regional Planning for 2011-2031. The status of the land is community property (1 party) with an area of  $\pm$ 10Ha.

#### **Project Owner**

The project is offered by West Kutai Government and coordinated by Planning Department. Investors is expected to construct, operate and absorb raw rubber from local derivative products.

#### **Proposed Location**



### Key Investment highlight

**Project Owner** Government of West Kutai Muara Barong village, Melak Ilir ward, Melak District, West Kutai, East Kalimantan

**Est. Investment Value** CAPEX US\$ 2.95 Million (with capacity assumption of 140.000 tpy)



**Contact Person** FX Indrajaya







#### Land Requisite and Status

± 10 Ha (owned by public) Land procurement can be provided by West Kutai Goverment under agreement according to applied regulations



**Business Scheme** Public Private Partnership Design – Build – Finance – Maintain – Operate (DBFMO)



Financial Feasibility (Prefeasibility Study) Economic lifetime 20 years;

NPV \$1.1 million; WACC 12% IRR 16, 53%; Payback Period: 7,6 years

(Head of Sub-Division, Investment Department)

Section 4.1 ≤ 5.2 ≤





#### Chapters 🦰

## **Exporting SMEs : Food & Beverages**



#### UD. Deli Koffie Indonesia

Green bean, Roasted bean Grinded Coffee

⊠ didinhamid@gmail.co

🌜 m+62 811 373 984



#### PT. Sekatup Sari Indonesia

Gaharu (Agarwood) Tea Bag, Gaharu Cinamon Tea bag

- 🖂 sekatup.sariindoensia@gmail.com
- Keget +62 812 90 999 809
- www.tehgaharu.com







### Kampoeng Timoer

#### Ibib Food

Spiced Fish Crackers (Amplang), Shredded Tuna

- 🖂 l1n4waty@yahoo.com
- Keget +62 813 5046 2849
- O @ibibfood

#### CV. Azra Sentosa Jaya

#### Crab meat snack

- 🖂 kampoengtimoer@gmail.com
- Key +62 81 348 601 451
- @kampoengtimoer.id



## **Exporting SMEs : Fashion**







#### Manika Kaltim

Manik (Traditional beads) Handicrafts: bags, Accessories, Home Decor

- 🖂 manikakaltim@gmail.com
- **62 8524 6959 395**
- @manika\_kaltim



TRADITION OF LUXURY

lesandra

#### Hesandra Indonesia

Kalimantan Batik Clothing, Bags & Accessories

- 🖂 business@hesandra.com
- **62 87 810 628 391**
- @hesandra\_indonesia



### Pemayuq By Pokant Takaq

Traditional ulap Doyo (Dayak Art) Woven Fabric

- 🖂 hamidahpokanttakaq@gmail.com
- **%** +62 85 246 949 403
- 0 @doyomunaq1





#### Bahalap Handicraft

Handmade beaded necklace and bracelets using native borneo gems bahalaphandicraft@gmail.com +62 82 154 204 849 @bahalap\_handicraft\_

 $\bowtie$ 



#### Chapters 🚄

## **Exporting SMEs : Other Products**







#### Dried Euchema Cottonii Seaweed

- 🖂 info@multisaranajaya.com
- Sec. +6281 255 055 38
- www.multisaranajaya.co.id



🖂 kingmaduborneo@gmail.com Keget +62 852 5700 1434



#### King Madu Borneo

Yellow Honey and Black Honey

#### CV. Perintis Mitra Mandiri Sukses

Coco peat, Coconut fiber, rope, etc.

- 🖂 pmms.coconut@yahoo.com
- Keget +628 525 030 8060







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For more inquiries and investment or trade opportunities, please contact :



Regional Board of Investment and Integrated Licensing (DPMPTSP) East Kalimantan Province Jl. Basuki Rahmat No. 56, Samarinda, East Kalimantan, Indonesia Phone : +62 541 743235

#### Person in Charge :

Mr. Puguh Harjanto (+62 822 5484 8579 / puguh369@gmail.com) Mrs. Riawati (+62 811 5595 559)

